



**The New Home of
Earth Dimensions, Inc.**

September 25, 2025

Region 9 Bureau of Ecosystem Health
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Region 9
700 Delaware Avenue
Buffalo, New York 14209

Jurisdictional Determination Request
LaBella No. 2254561; SBL 55.03-1-10
330 Maple Road, Town of Amherst, Erie County, New York

Region 9 Bureau of Ecosystem of Health,

On behalf of Arc Building Partners, LaBella Associates, is submitting the attached Request for Wetlands Determination, Verification or Delineation for the above referenced project site. The project site is located in the Town of Amherst, Erie County, New York. LaBella identified two (2) wetlands within the investigation area. We are requesting a jurisdictional determination from NYSDEC.

The Wetland Delineation Report is included in Appendix B.

Additional information required by the NYSDEC is included below in **bold**, followed by our response in *italics*.

• **Name and contact information of the property owner**

*Town of Amherst
c/o Brian Kulpa
5583 Main Street
Williamsville, New York 14221
716-631-7032
Email: bkulpa@amherst.ny.us*

• **Name and contact information of the consultant**

*LaBella Associates
Alex Molik, Environmental Project Manager
300 Pearl Street, Suite 130
Buffalo, NY 14202
716-922-2397
Email: amolik@labellapc.com*

• **Location of parcel(s), street address or nearest intersection, County, Town, and tax map identification numbers**

Parcel: 330 Maple Road, in the Town of Amherst, New York; SBL# 55.03-1-10



- **Summary report that describes all wetlands on the parcel or property, including those the consultant believes are regulated by Article 24 and those that may not be regulated:**

Wetland Identification #	Geographic Center (WGS84)		Boundary Flag #	Total Acreage On-site	Wetland Type (Cowardin)	Wetland Type (Reschke)	Opinion: NYSDEC Regulated or Not NYSDEC Regulated?
	Latitude	Longitude					
Wetland 1	42.9920019	-78.7768650	W1-1 through W1-37	3.34±	PEM	Shallow Emergent Marsh	Regulated
Wetland 2	42.9928812	-78.7722304	W2-1 through W2-8	0.07±	PEM	Shallow Emergent Marsh	Regulated

- **The report should also describe any nutrient poor wetlands and vernal pools productive for amphibian breeding where adjacent areas may be extended >100 feet pursuant to 6 NYCRR Part 664.79(a).**

No nutrient poor wetlands or vernal pools were identified within the investigation area.

- **Proposed classification of each Article 24 regulated wetland(s) located on the parcel(s), including a brief justification for the proposed class assigned to each wetland.**

Wetlands W1 and W2 are believed to be Class II NYSDEC Wetlands. This is based on the mapped Urban Area.

- **A wetland delineation report that includes a map showing all wetlands delineated within the property including a clear designation of those the consultant believes are Article 24 jurisdictional wetlands. The map must include flag numbers/codes for all delineation flags. Field data sheets must also be included. USACOE or other comparable data sheets are acceptable.**

Wetland Delineation Report is included as Appendix 1.

- **Shapefiles of all delineated wetland boundaries, the wetland survey area (for large parcels), and (if known) the limits of disturbance for the proposed project. All shapefiles must include delineation flag numbers/codes for all wetland boundary flags.**

Shapefiles Attached.

If you have any questions or require further information, please contact our office at (716) 922-2397 or email amolik@labellapc.com.

Respectfully submitted,
LaBella Associates

Alex Molik
Environmental Project Manager

Encl: Appendix 1: Wetland Delineation Report
Appendix 2: Signed JD Request Form
Appendix 3: Shapefiles

716 Sports Fieldhouse Complex

Appendix A– Wetland Delineation Report



WETLAND AND STREAM DELINEATION REPORT

716 Sports Fieldhouse Complex
330 Maple Road, Amherst, NY 14221
LaBella Project No. 2254561

Prepared For: Arc Building Partners
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Prepared By: LaBella Associates, D.P.C.
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Date: September, 2025



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Arc Building Partners (Client) retained LaBella Associates, D.P.C. (LaBella) to perform a wetland and stream delineation for a project site located at Maple Road in Amherst, NY. For the purpose of the wetland and stream delineation, the Study Area is defined as a 31.5-acre area consisting of one parcel. Please refer to Appendix A, Figure 1 for the Study Area location and boundary. The geographic coordinates of the approximate Study Area center are: 42.9925289, -78.7755599 (NAD83). Wetland and stream delineation field work was performed on September 3, 2025.

1.2 PURPOSE

This report was prepared for the purpose of obtaining concurrence from the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)–Buffalo District and the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) on jurisdictional wetland and stream boundaries within the Study Area in support of the Project. Specific tasks performed for this report include a field delineation of aquatic resources within the Study Area, which may include Federal Waters of the United States (WOTUS) encompassing wetlands and streams, New York State Article 24 Freshwater Wetlands (State wetlands), and Article 15 State-classified Streams, a survey of wetland/stream boundaries, and a detailed description of the delineated waters based on hydrology, vegetation, and soils information collected in the field.

This report describes the results of the delineation and data collection efforts performed by LaBella, and a description of the wetlands and streams that were delineated. This document is intended to provide the information required to support a Jurisdictional Determination (JD) with the USACE–Buffalo District, a NYSDEC Article 24 Freshwater Wetlands JD, or a Joint Permit Application if regulatory permit authorizations are required.

2.0 METHODOLOGY

2.1 RESOURCES

Materials and literature supporting this investigation are derived from a number of sources, including: United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute Topographic Quadrangles; United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Erie County, New York Soil Survey (USDA-NRCS, 1986); USDA-NRCS Soil Map Unit shapefiles; USDA-NRCS Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States (USDA-NRCS, 2024); Munsell Soil Color Charts (Munsell, 2009); Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) digital Flood Hazard data; United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetland Inventory (NWI) shapefiles; NYSDEC informational Freshwater Wetland shapefiles; NYSDEC Environmental Resource Mapper (NYSDEC, 2025); and NYSDEC Stream Classification shapefiles. Vascular plant names follow nomenclature found in the USDA PLANTS database (USDA, 2025). Wetland indicator status for vegetative species was determined by reference to the National Wetland Plant List (Lichvar et al., 2022). Jurisdictional features are characterized according to the NWI mapped wetlands and deepwater habitat classification system (Cowardin, 1979).

2.2 JURISDICTIONAL AREA DELINEATION

LaBella field staff performed the wetland and stream delineation within the Study Area on September 3, 2025, in accordance with the methods presented in the *1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual* (Environmental Laboratory, 1987), as supplemented by the *Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Northcentral and Northeast Region, Version 2.0* (USACE, 2012).

Wetland and stream boundaries were defined in the field with sequentially-numbered pink surveyor's flagging or pink pin flags. Each flag was digitally recorded using a sub-foot Global Positioning System unit. Data and observations were collected from both wetland and upland data points within the Study Area. These data points were recorded on routine USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms (Appendix B).

Representative photographs were taken of the data point locations, delineated wetlands, and streams within the Study Area (Appendix C).

The USACE has jurisdiction of WOTUS under section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA) (40 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] 230 and 33 CFR 328) (CFR, 2023). The USACE also has jurisdiction over traditionally navigable WOTUS under Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act (33 CFR 323; Section 10 Rivers and Harbors Act [33 United States Code] 403).

The Freshwater Wetlands Act (FWA) (Article 24 and Title 23 of Article 71 of the Environmental Conservation Law [ECL]) gives the NYSDEC jurisdiction over wetlands along with a 100-foot regulated Adjacent Area that meet certain criteria (6 NYCRR Part 664). NYSDEC freshwater wetland regulations changed on January 1, 2025, and include new criteria in which a wetland may come under the jurisdiction of NYSDEC. State regulated wetlands include all wetlands 12.4 acres in size or larger, or smaller wetlands if the wetland meets one of 11 criteria to be considered a wetland of unusual importance. Informational mapping that shows previously mapped NYSDEC wetlands and other potential wetland areas is provided by NYSDEC. Wetlands on any given site are required to have a Jurisdictional Determination review by NYSDEC to determine State jurisdiction under Article 24 of the FWA.

Under Article 15 of the ECL (Protection of Waters), the NYSDEC has jurisdiction over any activity that disturbs the bed or banks of protected streams or navigable waters. A protected stream is any stream, or particular portion of a stream, that has been assigned by the NYSDEC any of the following classifications or standards: AA, AA(t), A, A(t), A(ts), B, B(t), B(ts), C(t), or C(ts) (608.2 (aa) and NYCRR and 6 NYCRR Part 701). Additional NYSDEC stream classifications include C and D.

3.0 PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND RESOURCES

3.1 *PHYSIOGRAPHY*

The Project is located in the Ontario-Erie Plain and Finger Lakes Land Resource Region (LRR R), and the Lake State Fruit, Truck Crop, and Dairy Major Land Resource Area (MLRA 172) (USDA, 2022). The Study Area topography consists of relatively flat successional field with slight slopes leading to concave wetlands. Land cover within the Study Area consists of successional old field and recreational sports facilities to the east. The surrounding area is comprised of residential and commercially developed land. Elevations within the Study Area range from approximately 588 feet above mean sea level (AMSL) to approximately 594 feet AMSL.

3.2 *SOILS*

The Soil Survey of Erie County, New York and NRCS Web Soil Survey indicates there are two soil map units within the Study Area, as outlined in Table 1.

Table 1. Soil Map Units within the Study Area

NRCS Soil Map Unit	Map Unit Symbol	Drainage Class	Hydric Soil?	Hydric Rating (%)
Odessa silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Od	Somewhat poorly drained	Yes	5%
Schoharie silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	SaA	Moderately well drained	No	0%

Source: USDA, NRCS, 1986; Soil Survey Staff, 2025

The Hydric Soil ratings outlined in Table 1 and the Web Soil Survey map provided in Appendix D indicate there is one soil map unit containing hydric components. The soil is considered somewhat poorly drained.

3.3 *HYDROLOGY*

The Study Area is located in the Niagara River watershed (USGS Hydrologic Unit Code 04270101).

The source of surface hydrology for the Study Area is runoff from precipitation. The Town of Amherst receives an average of 39 inches of precipitation annually (NRCC, 2020).

4.0 *AGENCY RESOURCES*

4.1 *DESKTOP WETLAND RESOURCES*

The NYSDEC freshwater wetland informational mapping indicates there are no previously mapped NYSDEC wetlands within the Study Area, and several additionally mapped informational wetlands (refer to Appendix A, Figure 2), as outlined in Table 2. In addition, the USFWS NWI has two mapped wetlands located within the Study Area

Table 2. Informational Mapped Wetlands within the Study Area

NWI Mapped Wetland?	Previously Mapped NYSDEC Wetlands?	Informational Mapped NYSDEC Wetland?	Delineated Wetland
Yes	No	No	Wetland 1
Yes	No	Yes	Wetland 2

4.2 NYSDEC PROTECTED STREAMS

According to NYSDEC stream classification mapping there are no State-classified streams within the Study Area (refer to Appendix A, Figure 2), as outlined in Table 3. The closest State-classified stream is approximately 2,000 feet east of the Study Area.

Table 3. NYSDEC Classified Streams within the Study Area

Stream Name	Stream Classification	Delineated Stream
N/A	N/A	N/A

4.3 FEMA 100-YEAR FLOOD ZONES

There are no FEMA 100-year Flood Zones within the Study Area. The nearest flood zone is approximately 2,000 feet east of the Study Area.

5.0 RESULTS

5.1 UPLANDS

The Study Area consists of upland successional old field. Dominate vegetative species include green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*) and common pear (*Pyrus communis*) in the tree stratum as well as alder buckthorn (*Frangula alnus*) in the shrub layer. Queen Anne's lace (*Daucus carota*) and birds-foot trefoil (*Lotus corniculatus*) were dominate species in the herb stratum with lesser amounts of common vetch (*Vicia sativa*) and hairy aster (*Symphyotrichum pilosum*). Data Forms, provided in Appendix B, summarize the observed conditions adequate to characterize the uplands within the Study Area.

5.2 WETLANDS

LaBella field staff delineated two palustrine emergent (PEM) wetlands within the Study Area (see Appendix A, Figure 4). Table 4 provides areas and classifications of the delineated wetlands.

Table 4. Delineated Wetlands

Wetland ID	Cowardin Classification	Acreage On-site	Latitude, Longitude (NAD83)
Wetland 1	PEM	3.34	42.9920019 -78.7768650
Wetland 2	PEM	0.07	42.9928812, -78.7722304

5.2.1 Wetland 1

Wetland 1 is a 3.34-acre palustrine emergent (PEM) wetland located within a shallow concave depression bordering the entire northeast and eastern section of the Study Area. At the time of the site visit, Wetland 2 appeared to have a hydrologic regime driven by mostly by surface water inputs from precipitation. Hydrology indicators observed include saturation to a depth of two inches and water-stained leaves. Inundation was also visible on aerial imagery.

The plant community of Wetland 2 is dominated by creeping bentgrass (*Agrostis stolonifera*) with lesser amounts of broom sedge (*Carex scoparia*) and common reed (*Phragmites australis*). Soils sampled within the wetland consisted of a clayey/loamy texture with a dark grayish brown (10YR 4/2) matrix for the first eight inches and brown (10YR 4/3) matrix for inches nine through twelve. All twenty inches of soil sampled consisted of yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) redox concentrations.

5.2.2 Wetland 2

Wetland 2 is a palustrine emergent (PEM) wetland located within a shallow concave depression within a field in the southwestern portion of the Study Area adjacent to the baseball fields. The wetland is 0.07 acres in size within the Study Area. At the time of the site visit, Wetland 1 appeared to have a hydrologic regime driven by mostly by surface water inputs from precipitation. Hydrology indicators observed include saturation to a depth of four inches and water-stained leaves. Saturation was also visible on aerial imagery.

The plant community of Wetland 1 is dominated by the shrub alder buckthorn (*Frangula alnus*) as well as soft rush (*Juncus effusus*), purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*), and creeping bentgrass (*Agrostis stolonifera*) in the herbaceous layer. The first twelve inches of soils sampled within the wetland consist of clayey loams with a darker grey (10YR 4/1) matrix. Inches twelve to twenty consisted of loamy/clayey textured soil with dark gray (10YR 4/1) matrix and yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) redoximorphic concentrations.

5.3 STREAMS

LaBella field staff delineated one ephemeral stream within the Study Area (see Appendix A, Figure 4). Table 5 provides areas and classifications of the delineated streams.

Table 5. Delineated Streams

Stream ID	Flow Regime	NYSDEC Class/ Regulation	Stream Length/Width in Study Area (lf)	Stream Bed Substrate	Latitude, Longitude (NAD83)
Ditch 1	Ephemeral	unclassified	285	Organic materials	42.9928233, -78.7742200

5.3.1 Stream 1

Ditch 1 is an unclassified swale/drainage ditch that flows north through the middle/northeastern part of the Study Area. The ditch is 285 linear feet long. The stream bed has a substrate of organic materials.

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

LaBella delineated two palustrine emergent (PEM) wetlands within the Study Area. In addition, one ephemeral ditch was also delineated within the Study Area. The wetlands were delineated and identified based on observations of hydrology, hydric soils, and hydrophytic vegetation. The primary functions provided by the wetlands within this study area appear to be nutrient cycling, wildlife habitat, and water retention. It is of LaBella's professional opinion wetlands 1 and 2 are isolated and potentially non-jurisdictional and not regulated under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act due to lack of a connection to traditional navigable water.

NYSDEC regulations were revised effective January 1, 2025, and the wetlands within the Study Area may come under the jurisdiction of NYSDEC. Under the regulations, a NYSDEC JD is warranted and will be required to determine if any of the wetlands within the Study Area will be State regulated under Article 24. Any State regulated wetlands will have a 100-foot NYSDEC regulated Adjacent Area. A NYSDEC JD can be submitted to NYSDEC Central Office for review and a determination on State regulated wetland resources.

Any Project-related filling or disturbances within the delineated boundaries of onsite wetlands (as approved by the USACE and NYSDEC) will require Federal CWA Section 404 authorization through the USACE. In addition, such activities would also require a CWA Section 401 Water Quality Certification administered by the NYSDEC. Any disturbances to a NYSDEC regulated wetland or the associated 100-foot Adjacent Area, as determined through a NYSDEC JD review, will require authorization under Article 24. All jurisdictional boundaries are subject to verification by the USACE–Buffalo District and the NYSDEC under their respective jurisdictions.

7.0 SIGNATURE OF WETLAND PROFESSIONALS

We appreciate the opportunity to serve your professional environmental needs. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact Alex Molik at 716-922-2397 or amolik@labellapc.com.

Report Prepared By:



Alex Molik
Environmental Project Manager

Report Prepared By:



Maddie Dworek
Environmental Analyst

8.0 REFERENCES

- CFR. 2010. Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40: Protection of the Environment, Part 230: Section 404 (b) (1) Guidelines for Specification of Disposal Sites for Dredged or Fill Material. United States Army Corps of Engineers.
- Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet and E.T. LaRoe. 1979. Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, OBS-79/31, Washington, D.C.
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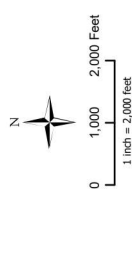
USDA-NRCS. 2024. Soil Survey of Erie County, New York. United States Department of Agriculture
Soil Conservation Service in cooperation with Cornell University Agricultural Experiment
Station, Washington, D.C.

USDA, NRCS. 2022. Land resource regions and major land resource areas of the United States, the
Caribbean, and the Pacific Basin. US Department of Agriculture, Agriculture Handbook. 296p.

USDA-NRCS. 2024. Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States, Version 9.0. L. M. Vasilas, A.
Miller, J. F. Berkowitz, R. Griffin, and C. Moorberg (eds.). USDA, NRCS in cooperation with the
National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils.

APPENDIX A

FIGURES



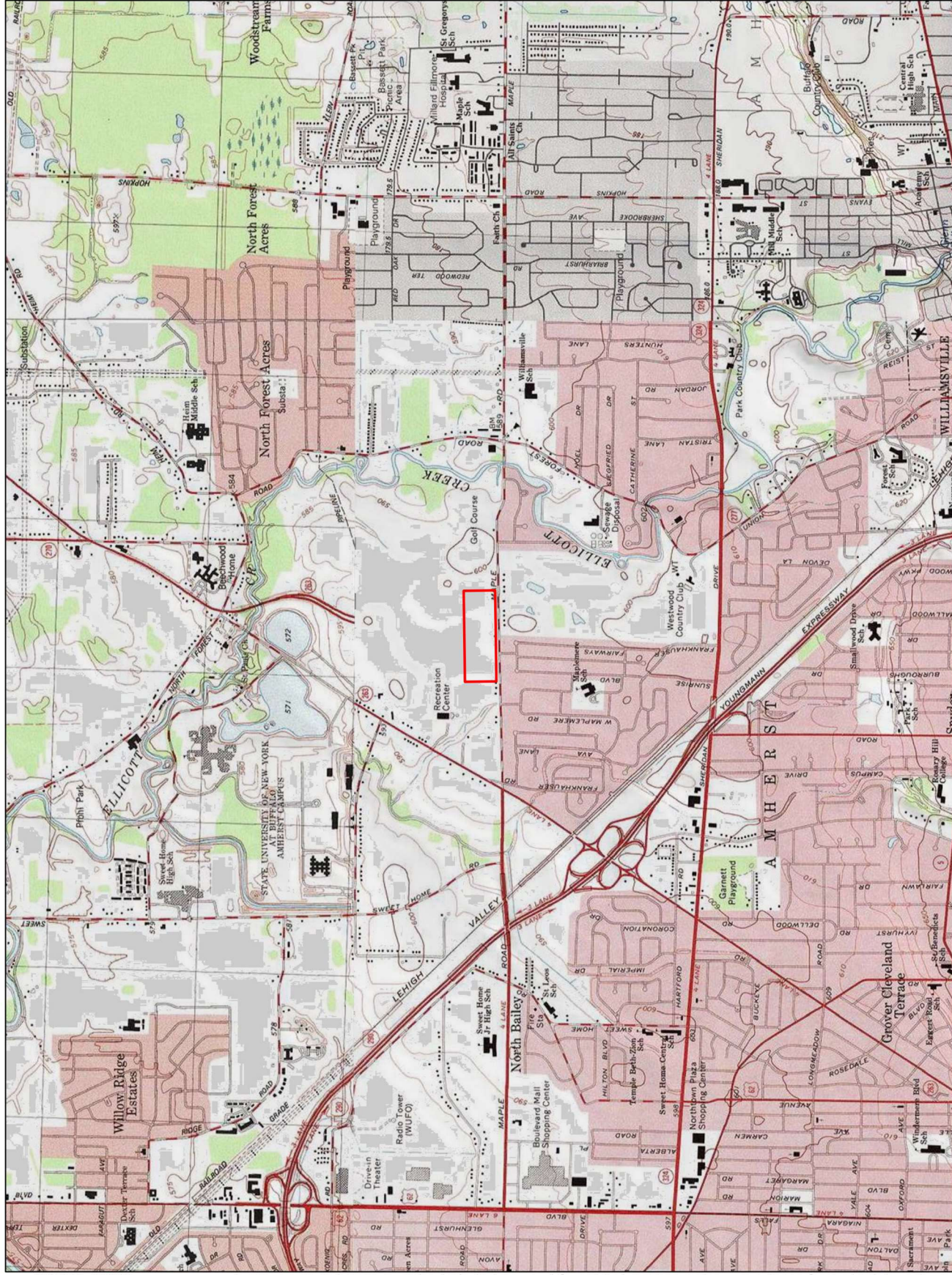
Legend
Study Area

Sources:
1. Study Area: Created by LaBella using information provided by the client. Top Map (Update: 2019) in reference to USGS Topographic Buffalo NE (1985), Tonawanda East (1980), Clarence Center (1980), and Lancaster (1982) Quadrangles.

USGS Site Location

FIGURE 1

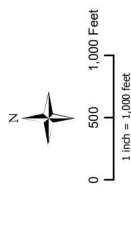
LaBella Project No: 2253377
Date: 9/30/2025





Arc Building Partners
Wetland and Stream
Delineation Report

716 Sports Complex, LLC
Maple Road
Amherst, NY



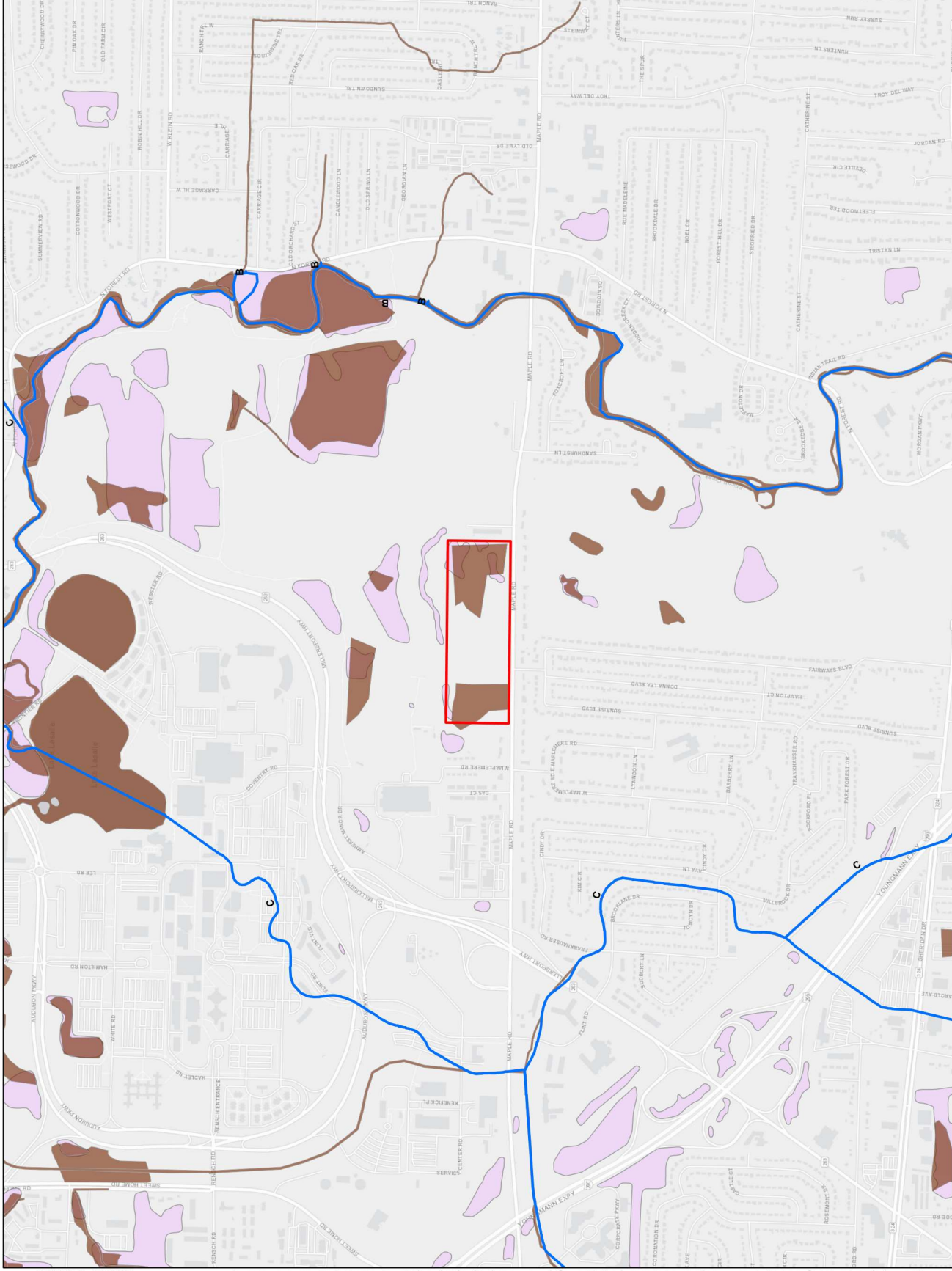
- Legend**
- Study Area
 - NYSDEC-Classified Stream
 - Informational Mapped Wetlands
 - Wetland
 - Informational NYSDEC
 - Freshwater Wetland
 - National Wetlands Inventory

Sources:
1. Study Area: Created by LaBella using information provided by the client.
2. Background Data: ESRI, Garmin, GeoTechnologies, Inc., USGS, EPA, 2023

**Mapped Wetland and
Stream Resources**

FIGURE 2

LaBella Project No: 2253377
Date: 9/30/2025





Sources:

1. Study Area: Created by LaBella using information provided by the client.
2. Basemap: Maxar, Microsoft, 2023
3. Mapped soils data were obtained from the NRCS online Soil Data (soildatamart.nrcs.usda.gov).

APPENDIX B

Data Forms

VEGETATION : Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: WET1-A

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. NA			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7. V			

0 = Total Cover

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. FRANGULA ALNUS	10	Y	FAC
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			

10 = Total Cover

Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. SALIX DISCOLOR	10	N	FACW
2. LYTHRUM SALICARIA	15	Y	OBL
3. JUNCUS EFFUSUS	20	Y	↓
4. FRAXINUS PENNSYLVANICA	5	N	FACW
5. SYMPHYOTRICHUM lateriflorum	10	N	FAC
6. N. verus palustris	5	N	FACW
7. AGROSTIS stolonifera	15	Y	FACW
8. CAREX SUPERCILIA	5	N	FACW
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			

35 = Total Cover

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. NA			
2.			
3.			
4. V			

0 = Total Cover

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 4 (A)Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species <u>35</u>	x 1 = <u>35</u>
FACW species <u>25</u>	x 2 = <u>50</u>
FAC species <u>20</u>	x 3 = <u>60</u>
FACU species <u>0</u>	x 4 = <u>0</u>
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals: <u>80</u> (A)	<u>145</u> (B)
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>1.81</u>	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- ☒ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
☒ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
☒ 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.0¹
☒ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
☐ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.**Sapling/shrub** - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.**Herb** - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.**Woody vines** - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.Community Type: WETLAND W1

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?

Yes X No

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

42.99311°N
-78.77299°W

PHOTO FACING NORTH

★ PARTIALLY MOWN

SOIL

Sampling Point Wet 1-A

[illegible]

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Northcentral and Northeast Region See ERDC/EL TR-12-1; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R	OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 9/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)
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Project/Site: 716 Sports Fieldhouse Complex City/County: Amherst/Erie Sampling Date: 9/3/25
Applicant/Owner: Arc Building Partners State: NY Sampling Point: UPL 1-A
Investigator(s): Alex Molik & Jody Celeste Section, Township, Range: 55.03-1-10
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Till Plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): Concave Slope %: 1
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR L, MLRA 101 Lat: 42.993025 Long: -78.773016 Datum: NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name: Odessa silt loam, 0-3% NWI classification: N/A
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: <u> </u>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u>	

Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.)
Successional old field

Mown field

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> <u> </u> Surface Water (A1) <u> </u> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) <u> </u> High Water Table (A2) <u> </u> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <u> </u> Saturation (A3) <u> </u> Marl Deposits (B15) <u> </u> Water Marks (B1) <u> </u> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <u> </u> Sediment Deposits (B2) <u> </u> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) <u> </u> Drift Deposits (B3) <u> </u> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <u> </u> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <u> </u> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <u> </u> Iron Deposits (B5) <u> </u> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <u> </u> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <u> </u> Other (Explain in Remarks) <u> </u> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> <u> </u> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <u> </u> Drainage Patterns (B10) <u> </u> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <u> </u> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <u> </u> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <u> </u> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <u> </u> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) <u> </u> Geomorphic Position (D2) <u> </u> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <u> </u> Microtopographic Relief (D4) <u> </u> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
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Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): <u> </u> Water Table Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): <u> </u> Saturation Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): <u> </u> (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u>
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Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

Remarks:

VEGETATION: Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: UPL1-A

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. NA			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			

0 = Total Cover

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. FRANGULA ALNUS	S	Y	FAC
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			

S = Total Cover

Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. DAVUS CAROTA	15	Y	FACW
2. LOTUS CORNICULATUS	25	Y	
3. VICIA SATIVA	15	Y	
4. DICANTHELIUM CLANDESTINUM	S	N	FACW
5. AGROSTIS STILOPERA	10	N	
6. SYMPHYOTERIS LATIFLORUM	S	N	FAC
7. TORAXACUM OFFICINALE	10	N	FACW
8. FRAXINUS PENNSYLVANICA	S	N	FACW
9. LYTHRUM SATICARIA	10	N	OBL
10.			
11.			
12.			

100 = Total Cover

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. NA			
2.			
3.			
4.			

0 = Total Cover

Dominance Test worksheet:Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 25 (A/B)**Prevalence Index worksheet:**

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species <u>10</u>	x 1 = <u>10</u>
FACW species <u>20</u>	x 2 = <u>40</u>
FAC species <u>10</u>	x 3 = <u>30</u>
FACU species <u>65</u>	x 4 = <u>260</u>
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals: <u>105</u> (A)	<u>340</u> (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.23**Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:**

- 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
- 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
- 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.0¹
- 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
- Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.**Definitions of Vegetation Strata:****Tree** - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.**Sapling/shrub** - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.**Herb** - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.**Woody vines** - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

Community Type: DOWN SUCCESSIONAL OLD FIELD

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

42.993054°N
-78.773016°W

PHOTO SOUTH

SOIL

Sampling Point UPL 1-A

[illegible]

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Northcentral and Northeast Region See ERDC/EL TR-12-1; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R	OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 9/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)
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Project/Site: 716 Sports Fieldhouse Complex City/County: Amherst/Erie Sampling Date: 9/3/25
Applicant/Owner: Arc Building Partners State: NY Sampling Point: UPLV-1
Investigator(s): Alex Molik & Jody Celeste Section, Township, Range: 55.03-1-10
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Till Plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): None Slope %: 1
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR L, MLRA 101 Lat: 42.992810 Long: -78.774839 Datum: NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name: Odessa silt loam, 0-3% NWI classification: N/A
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: <u> </u>
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.) Successional old field Mown field	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> <u> </u> Surface Water (A1) <u> </u> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) <u> </u> High Water Table (A2) <u> </u> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <u> </u> Saturation (A3) <u> </u> Marl Deposits (B15) <u> </u> Water Marks (B1) <u> </u> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <u> </u> Sediment Deposits (B2) <u> </u> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) <u> </u> Drift Deposits (B3) <u> </u> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <u> </u> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <u> </u> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <u> </u> Iron Deposits (B5) <u> </u> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <u> </u> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <u> </u> Other (Explain in Remarks) <u> </u> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> <u> </u> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <u> </u> Drainage Patterns (B10) <u> </u> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <u> </u> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <u> </u> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <u> </u> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <u> </u> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) <u> </u> Geomorphic Position (D2) <u> </u> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <u> </u> Microtopographic Relief (D4) <u> </u> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): <u> </u> Water Table Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): <u> </u> Saturation Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): <u> </u> (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u>
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION : Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: UPLV-1

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>NA</u>			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7. <u>✓</u>			

0 = Total Cover

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')

1. <u>NA</u>			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7. <u>✓</u>			

0 = Total Cover

Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5')

1. <u>Lotus corniculatus</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>
2. <u>DAUCUS CAROTA</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>✓</u>
3. <u>PIRELLA COMMUNIS</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>NI</u>
4. <u>FRAGRARIA VIRGINIANA</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>
5. <u>CENTAUREA STOEBE</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>NI</u>
6. <u>SYMPHYOTERIS lateriflorum</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FAC</u>
7. <u>" pilosum</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>
8. <u>Agrostis stolonifera</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>FACW</u>
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			

100 = Total Cover

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')

1. <u>NA</u>			
2.			
3.			
4. <u>✓</u>			

0 = Total Cover

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>
FACW species <u>5</u>	x 2 = <u>10</u>
FAC species <u>5</u>	x 3 = <u>15</u>
FACU species <u>90</u>	x 4 = <u>360</u>
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A)	<u>385</u> (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.85

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- ☐ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
☐ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is <3.0¹
☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
☐ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.**Sapling/shrub** - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.**Herb** - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.**Woody vines** - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

MOWED SUCCESSIONAL OLD FIELD

Community Type: _____

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?

Yes _____ No X

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

42.992810° N
-78.774839° W

SOIL

Sampling Point UPLV-1[illegible]

VEGETATION : Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. NA			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
= Total Cover			

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. NA			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
= Total Cover			

Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. CAREX SUPPURA	10	N	FACW
2. LOTUS CORNICULATUS	15	N	FACW
3. LYTHRUM SALICARIA	10	N	OBL
4. AGROSTIS STOLONIFERA	50	Y	FACW
5. JUNCUS EFFUSUS	5	N	OBL
6. PHRAGMITES AUSTRALIS	10	N	FACW
7.			
8.			
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			
100 = Total Cover			

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. NA			
2.			
3.			
4.			
= Total Cover			

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

42.99199°N
-78.7768°W

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)
Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 1 (B)
Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species <u>15</u>	x 1 = <u>15</u>
FACW species <u>70</u>	x 2 = <u>140</u>
FAC species <u>0</u>	x 3 = <u>0</u>
FACU species <u>15</u>	x 4 = <u>60</u>
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals: <u>100</u> (A)	<u>215</u> (B)
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>2.15</u>	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- ☒ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
☒ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
☒ 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.0¹
☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
 Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.

Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

WETLAND 2 PEM
Community Type: SHALLOWS EMERGENT MARSH
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No

MOWN

SOIL

Sampling Point Wet 2-A[illegible]

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA SHEET – Northcentral and Northeast Region See ERDC/EL TR-12-1; the proponent agency is CECW-CO-R	OMB Control #: 0710-0024, Exp: 9/30/2027 Requirement Control Symbol EXEMPT: (Authority: AR 335-15, paragraph 5-2a)
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Project/Site: 716 Sports Fieldhouse Complex City/County: Amherst/Erie Sampling Date: 9/3/25
Applicant/Owner: Arc Building Partners State: NY Sampling Point: UPL2-A
Investigator(s): Alex Molik & Jody Celeste Section, Township, Range: 55.03-1-10
Landform (hillside, terrace, etc.): Till Plain Local relief (concave, convex, none): None Slope %: 1
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR L, MLRA 101 Lat: 42.991967 Long: -78.777003 Datum: NAD83
Soil Map Unit Name: Odessa silt loam, 0-3% NWI classification: N/A
Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No (If no, explain in Remarks.)
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No
Are Vegetation , Soil , or Hydrology naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> If yes, optional Wetland Site ID: <u> </u>
Remarks: (Explain alternative procedures here or in a separate report.) Successional old field Mown field	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> <u> </u> Surface Water (A1) <u> </u> Water-Stained Leaves (B9) <u> </u> High Water Table (A2) <u> </u> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <u> </u> Saturation (A3) <u> </u> Marl Deposits (B15) <u> </u> Water Marks (B1) <u> </u> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <u> </u> Sediment Deposits (B2) <u> </u> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) <u> </u> Drift Deposits (B3) <u> </u> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <u> </u> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <u> </u> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <u> </u> Iron Deposits (B5) <u> </u> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <u> </u> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <u> </u> Other (Explain in Remarks) <u> </u> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> <u> </u> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <u> </u> Drainage Patterns (B10) <u> </u> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <u> </u> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <u> </u> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <u> </u> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <u> </u> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) <u> </u> Geomorphic Position (D2) <u> </u> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <u> </u> Microtopographic Relief (D4) <u> </u> FAC-Neutral Test (D5)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): <u> </u> Water Table Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): <u> </u> Saturation Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): <u> </u> (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u>
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION : Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. NA			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7. ✓			

0 = Total Cover

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. NA			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7. ✓			

0 = Total Cover

Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. DRAUCUS CAROTA	35	Y	FACW
2. DALYLIUS GLOMERATA	15	N	
3. LOTUS CORNICULATUS	25	Y	
4. PLANTAGO MAJOR	5	N	✓
5. CENTAUREA STOEBE	5	N	NI
6. RANUNCULUS AURIS	5	N	FAC
7. FRAGARIA VIRGINIANA	5	N	FACW
8.			
9.			
10.			
11.			
12.			

95 = Total Cover

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. NA			
2.			
3.			
4. ✓			

0 = Total Cover

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>
FACW species <u>0</u>	x 2 = <u>0</u>
FAC species <u>5</u>	x 3 = <u>15</u>
FACU species <u>85</u>	x 4 = <u>340</u>
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals: <u>90</u> (A)	<u>355</u> (B)
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.94</u>	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
- 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
- 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.0¹
- 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
- Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.

Sapling/shrub - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.

Herb - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.

Woody vines - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.

Mowed Successional
Community Type: OLD FIELD

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?

Yes No X

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

42.99196°N
-78.77700°W

ADJACENT TO
BALL FIELDS

SOIL

Sampling Point UPL2-A

[illegible]

VEGETATION : Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point: UPLV-2

Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>30'</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>PYRUS COMMUNIS</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>NI</u>
2. <u>FRAXINUS PENNSYLVANICA</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____

15 = Total Cover

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: <u>15'</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>FRANGULA ALNUS</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>
2. <u>CORNUS AMOMUM</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____

10 = Total Cover

Herb Stratum (Plot size: <u>5'</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>SOLIDAGO CANADENSIS</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>
2. <u>SYMPHYOTRICHUM PILOSUM</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>
3. <u>PHLEUM PRATENSIS</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>
4. <u>DIPSACUS FULLONUM</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>NI</u>
5. <u>ABRUS STOLONIFERA</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>
6. <u>SYMPHYOTRICHUM LATIFOLIUM</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>
7. <u>DAUCUS CAROTA</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>
8. <u>LYTHRUM SALICARIA</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>N</u>	<u>OBL</u>
9. <u>LOTUS CORNICULATUS</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>
10. _____	_____	_____	_____
11. _____	_____	_____	_____
12. _____	_____	_____	_____

100 = Total CoverWoody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 30')

1. <u>NA</u>	_____	_____	_____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____

0 = Total Cover

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 5 (A)Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 11 (B)Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 45 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species <u>5</u>	x 1 = <u>5</u>
FACW species <u>20</u>	x 2 = <u>40</u>
FAC species <u>15</u>	x 3 = <u>45</u>
FACU species <u>70</u>	x 4 = <u>280</u>
UPL species <u>0</u>	x 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals: <u>110</u> (A)	<u>370</u> (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = 3.36

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

- ☐ 1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
☐ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
☐ 3 - Prevalence Index is < 3.0¹
☐ 4 - Morphological Adaptations¹ (Provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
☐ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree - Woody plants 3 in. (7.6 cm) or more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of height.**Sapling/shrub** - Woody plants less than 3 in. DBH and greater than 3.28 ft (1 m) tall.**Herb** - All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.**Woody vines** - All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in height.Community Type: SUCCESSIONAL OLD FIELD (EDGE OF SHRUBS)

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?

Yes _____ No X

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

42.99334°N
-78.97877°W

SOIL

Sampling Point UPLV-2

[illegible]

APPENDIX C

Photo Log

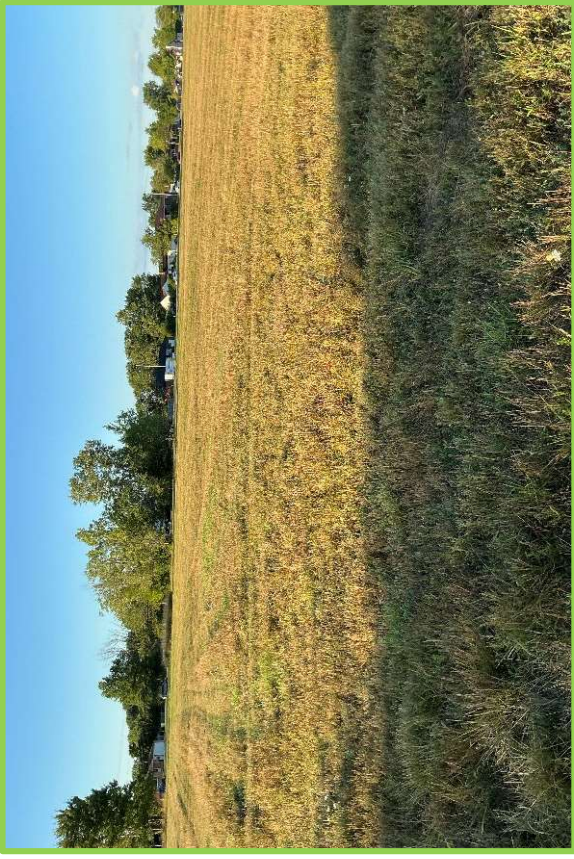


Wetland and Stream Delineation Photos – 716 Sports Fieldhouse Complex

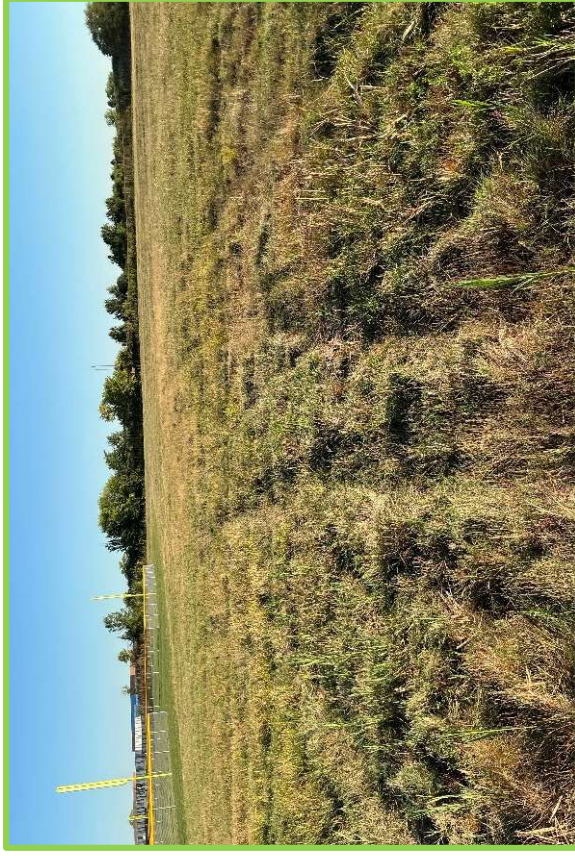
Amherst, NY September 3, 2025



Wetland 1 (PEM)



Upland field



Wetland 2 (PEM)

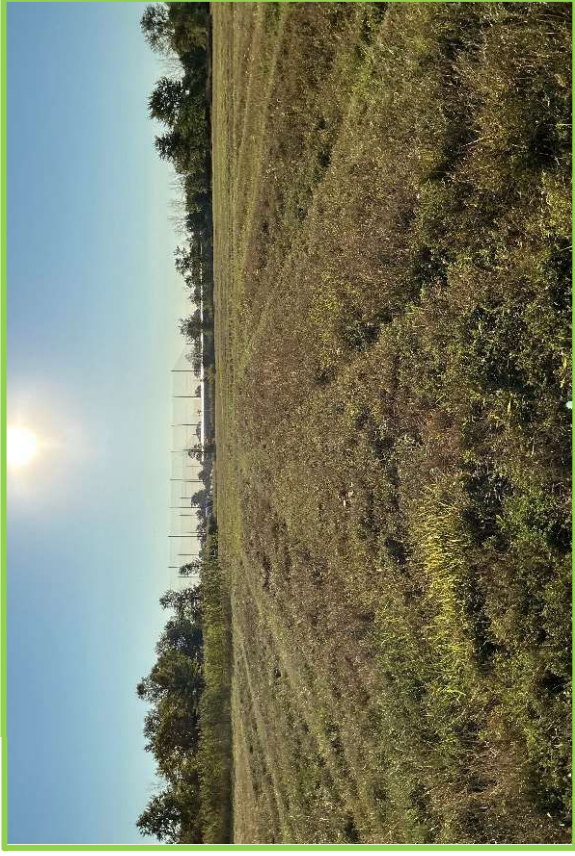


Upland field adjacent to baseball field



Wetland and Stream Delineation Photos – 716 Sports Fieldhouse Complex

Amherst, NY September 3, 2025



Upland field (UPLV-1)



Upland shrubs (UPLV-2)

APPENDIX D

Hydric Soil Map

Hydric Rating by Map Unit—Erie County, New York
(Study Area)



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons

Hydric (100%)

Hydric (66 to 99%)

Hydric (33 to 65%)

Hydric (1 to 32%)

Not Hydric (0%)

Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines

Hydric (100%)

Hydric (66 to 99%)

Hydric (33 to 65%)

Hydric (1 to 32%)

Not Hydric (0%)

Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points

Hydric (100%)

Hydric (66 to 99%)

Hydric (33 to 65%)

Hydric (1 to 32%)

Not Hydric (0%)

Not rated or not available

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Background

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL:
Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Erie County, New York
Survey Area Data: Version 24, Aug 25, 2024

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 13, 2023—May 27, 2023

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydric Rating by Map Unit

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Od	Odessa silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	5	21.4	67.8%
SaA	Schoharie silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	0	10.1	32.2%
Totals for Area of Interest			31.5	100.0%

Description

This rating indicates the percentage of map units that meets the criteria for hydric soils. Map units are composed of one or more map unit components or soil types, each of which is rated as hydric soil or not hydric. Map units that are made up dominantly of hydric soils may have small areas of minor nonhydric components in the higher positions on the landform, and map units that are made up dominantly of nonhydric soils may have small areas of minor hydric components in the lower positions on the landform. Each map unit is rated based on its respective components and the percentage of each component within the map unit.

The thematic map is color coded based on the composition of hydric components. The five color classes are separated as 100 percent hydric components, 66 to 99 percent hydric components, 33 to 65 percent hydric components, 1 to 32 percent hydric components, and less than one percent hydric components.

In Web Soil Survey, the Summary by Map Unit table that is displayed below the map pane contains a column named 'Rating'. In this column the percentage of each map unit that is classified as hydric is displayed.

Hydric soils are defined by the National Technical Committee for Hydric Soils (NTCHS) as soils that formed under conditions of saturation, flooding, or ponding long enough during the growing season to develop anaerobic conditions in the upper part (Federal Register, 1994). Under natural conditions, these soils are either saturated or inundated long enough during the growing season to support the growth and reproduction of hydrophytic vegetation.

The NTCHS definition identifies general soil properties that are associated with wetness. In order to determine whether a specific soil is a hydric soil or nonhydric soil, however, more specific information, such as information about the depth and duration of the water table, is needed. Thus, criteria that identify those estimated soil properties unique to hydric soils have been established (Federal Register, 2002). These criteria are used to identify map unit components that normally are associated with wetlands. The criteria used are selected estimated soil properties that are described in "Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 1999) and "Keys to Soil Taxonomy" (Soil Survey Staff, 2006) and in the "Soil Survey Manual" (Soil Survey Division Staff, 1993).

If soils are wet enough for a long enough period of time to be considered hydric, they should exhibit certain properties that can be easily observed in the field. These visible properties are indicators of hydric soils. The indicators used to make onsite determinations of hydric soils are specified in "Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States" (Hurt and Vasilas, 2006).

References:

Federal Register. July 13, 1994. Changes in hydric soils of the United States.

Federal Register. September 18, 2002. Hydric soils of the United States.

Hurt, G.W., and L.M. Vasilas, editors. Version 6.0, 2006. Field indicators of hydric soils in the United States.

Soil Survey Division Staff. 1993. Soil survey manual. Soil Conservation Service. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 18.

Soil Survey Staff. 1999. Soil taxonomy: A basic system of soil classification for making and interpreting soil surveys. 2nd edition. Natural Resources Conservation Service. U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 436.

Soil Survey Staff. 2006. Keys to soil taxonomy. 10th edition. U.S. Department of Agriculture, Natural Resources Conservation Service.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Percent Present

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Lower

716 Sports Fieldhouse Complex

Appendix B– Signed JD Request Form

For Niagara, Erie, and Wyoming Counties
Region 9 Headquarters
700 Delaware Avenue
Buffalo, New York 14209
(716) 851-7010 (phone) or (716) 851-7005 (fax)
or R9BEH@dec.ny.gov

For Chautauqua, Cattaraugus, and Allegany Counties
Region 9 Allegany Field Office
182 East Union Street, Suite 3
Allegany, New York 14706
(716) 372-0645 (phone) or (716) 372-2113 (fax)
or R9BEH@dec.ny.gov



Department of
Environmental
Conservation

Bureau of Ecosystem Health

REQUEST FOR WETLANDS DETERMINATION, VERIFICATION, OR DELINEATION

If you would like a DEC Wetlands staff person (Biologist or Technician) to come to your property to determine whether a New York State regulated wetland or its regulated 100-foot adjacent area exists on the property, you must complete this form and mail, email, or fax it, along with the items listed below, to the address listed above. A staff person will then contact you to confirm receipt of your request. When scheduling and weather conditions allow, a DEC wetlands staff person will make arrangements to fulfill the request and can discuss with you how the presence of regulated areas may affect your plans. These services are provided free of charge and are provided in the order the requests are received. However, if your proposed activities may impact a wetland that is also under Federal jurisdiction, you may be advised to instead obtain a federal delineation from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers or qualified wetland consultant. If your proposed activities may impact the regulated areas, you will need to apply for an Article 24 Freshwater Wetlands Permit from the Department prior to starting your project.

PLEASE NOTE: A wetland delineation is based on field indicators of plants, soils, and other ground features. Therefore, wetland field work is limited to when conditions allow (**typically May 1 to November 1**).

1. **Check the box which describes what you are requesting:**

- ☐ **Wetland Determination** – A staff person will examine the property to determine if a wetland and/or its 100-foot adjacent area exists on the property and will only point out its boundary.
- ☒ **Wetland Verification** – A staff person will evaluate the boundary of a wetland that a private wetland consultant has delineated on the property. A delineation report from the consultant must be submitted with this request.
- ☐ **Wetland Delineation** – A staff person will examine the property and place flagging along the wetland boundary. A DEC delineation is considered valid for 5 years, with or without an approved survey. However, a survey map is usually required when a proposed project will cause any disturbance to the land within 100 feet from the delineated wetland boundary, thus requiring a wetland permit from this Department. A survey, if required, must be arranged with a private surveyor by the landowner, at his/her expense, according to Department requirements (available upon request), and 3 copies must then be submitted to this office for review and approval.

2. **Person requesting the services:**

Name: LaBella Associates; Alex Molik
Mailing Address: 300 Pearl Street, Suite 130
City/State/Zip: Buffalo, New York 14202
Daytime Telephone: 716-922-2397
Email Address: amolik@labellapc.com

Landowner (if different):

Name: Brian Kulpa
Mailing Address: 5583 Main St.
City/State/Zip: Williamsville, NY 14221
Daytime Telephone: 716-631-7032
Email Address: Bkulpa@amherst.ny.us

PLEASE NOTE: If the person requesting the delineation, verification, or determination is NOT the owner of the parcel of land, both the requestor and landowner must sign below in order for DEC staff to inspect the property.

3. **Reason for requesting a field inspection at this time:**

- ☐ Purchasing or selling property ☒ Proposing a project to: develop the land
☐ Other (explain): _____

4. **Property Location:**

Street address of property: 330 Maple Road
City/Town/Village: Amherst, New York County: Erie
Wetland ID (if known), e.g., BU-10: N/A Section/block/lot number from tax map (if known): SBL# 55.03-1-10

5. **Attach** one 8½" x 11" copy of either a tax map OR survey map showing all the property boundaries, if available.

I hereby request that a Department representative inspect the property indicated to determine the presence or boundary of any wetlands present. If a delineation is performed and the Department deems necessary for the purpose of any subsequent permit application, I agree to have the boundary surveyed according to the Department requirements and to send three (3) copies of the survey map to the Department for approval.

[Signature] 10/27/25
Signature of Requestor Date

[Signature] 10/24/25
Signature of Landowner (Required, if different) Date

716 Sports Fieldhouse Complex

Appendix C– Shapefiles

SHAPEFILES ARE ATTACHED TO EMAIL