

"The" Town of Amherst

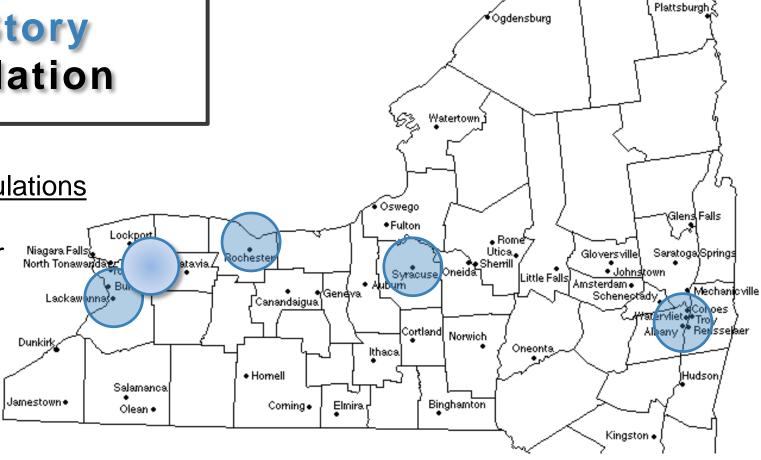
Brian J. Kulpa, Supervisor March 14, 2019

2019 Planning Agenda



<u>Upstate Populations</u>

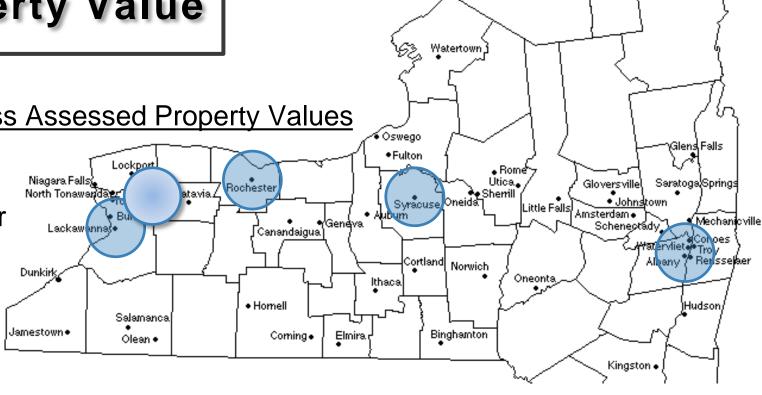
- 1 Buffalo
- 2. Rochester
- 3. Syracuse
- **Amherst**
- 5. Albany





Upstate Gross Assessed Property Values

- 1. Amherst
- 2. Buffalo
- 3. Rochester
- 4. Syracuse
- 5. Albany



Plattsburgh

√Ogdensburg



126,068

Population

188,076

Daytime Population



"their valuable characteristics are their acceptance of new ideas and a different conception of freedom from the previous generations. Despite the technological proficiency they possess, members of Generation Z actually prefer person-to-person contact as opposed to online interaction. Another important note to point out is Generation Z no longer wants just a job: they seek more than that. They want a feeling of fulfillment and excitement in their job that helps move the world forward. Generation Z is eager to be involved in their community and their futures."

Generation Z





Retrofitting & Redevelopment



Like a dystopian vision of the future, big-box retail and food typically has a location-less lack of charm and character that needs to be avoided.





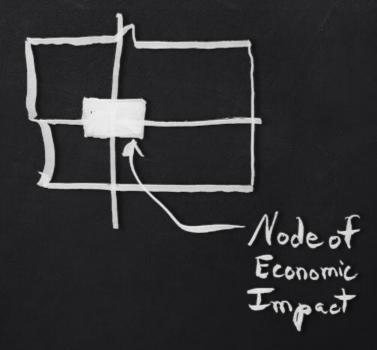
Plan

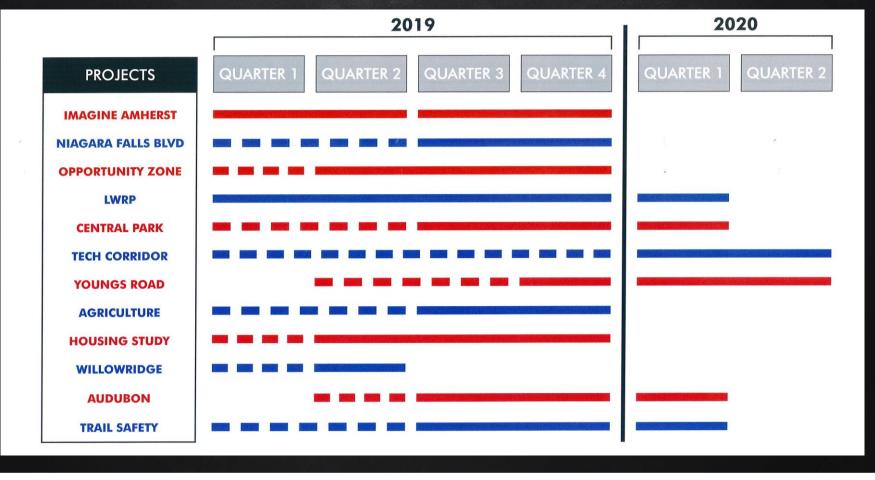
Comprehensive Planning Process





Assessor Comptrolo AIDA Phoning Chamber Ens incerig





(The Old) Imagine Amherst Project

Niagara Falls Boulevard





Niagara Falls Boulevard

Main Street



Boulevard

New Life for a Retail District



Niagara Falls Boulevard





Opportunity Zone

Comprehensive Planning Process

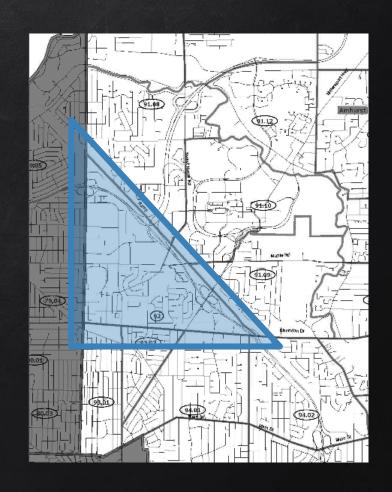
Landuse, Public Capital Investment, Policy, Governance



Opportunity Zone

NYS Designated Census Track 92 along Niagara Falls Blvd., including Boulevard Mall

Any entity facing capital gains tax can avoid paying the tax by investing in a designated Opportunity Zone





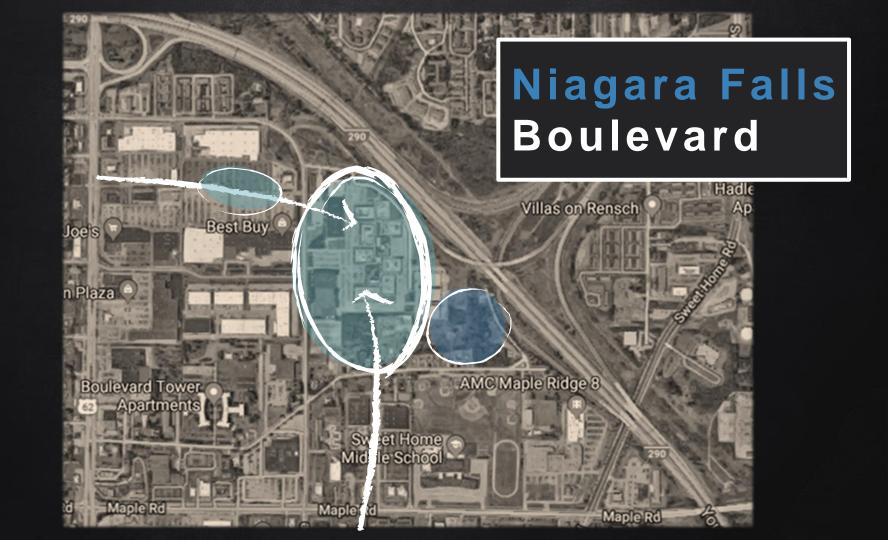


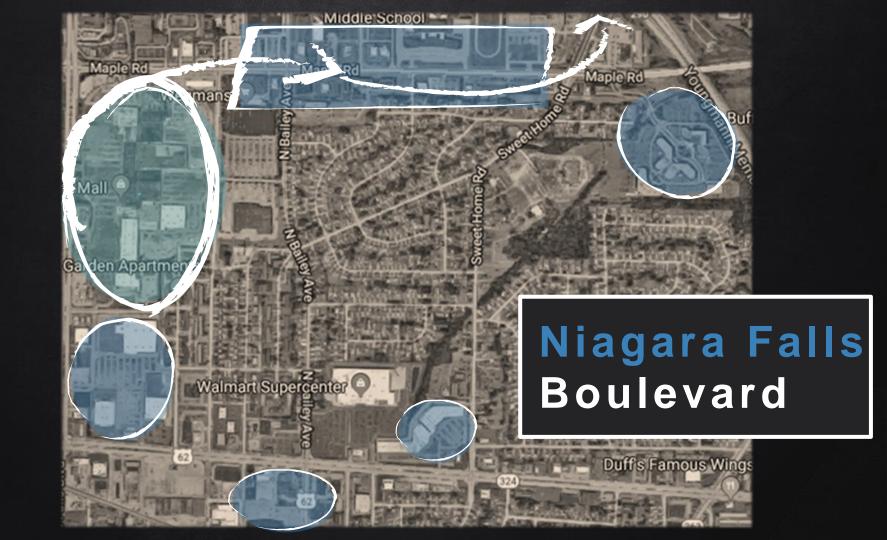












Tech Corridor

Planning a Multi-Municipal District

Tonawanda

Bocce Club Pizza KENILWORTH

Amherst

Buffalo

cheektowaga

Eggert Road



Kenmore Avenue



BEST PRACTICE CURRENT TRENDS IN OFFICE SPACE







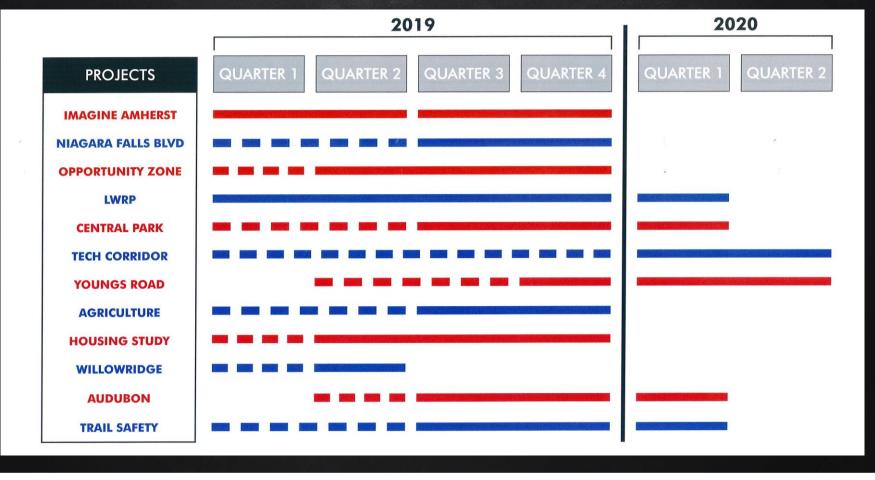








BEST PRACTICE INTEGRATION



- **2. Project Budget:** \$278,000
 - A. NYSERDA CGC Grant: \$161,250
 - B. Grant Local Share: \$53,750 (cash), \$63,000 (in-kind/personnel)
 - C. Consultant Fee: \$215,000
 - D. Local Contributions to date
 - i. In-kind/personnel: \$134,157.00
 - ii. Materials and other costs: \$400.00

3. Summary of Activities

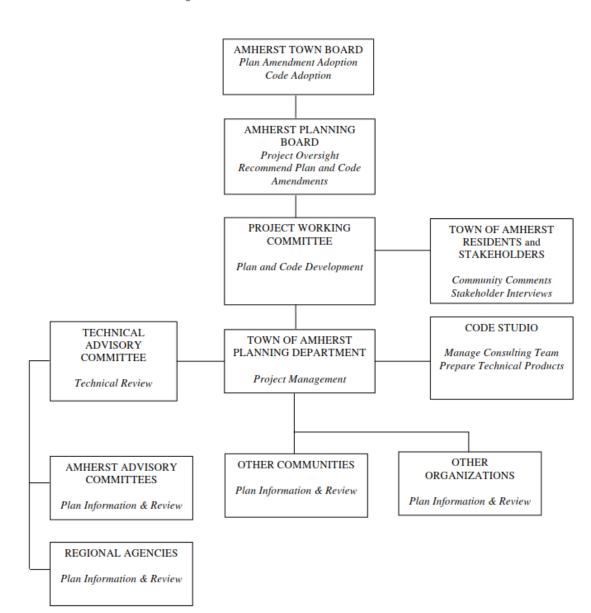
- A. Project Committee Meetings / Bus Trip: Plan 25 / Code 9
- B. Social Media Posts (as of 2/17):
 Website over 1500 visits, Facebook over 140 likes
- C. Media events: 2 TV/radio events
- D. Public review meetings / Bus Trip / VPS: 2 / 1 / 12
- E. Public Hearing Meetings: PB − 3 / TB − 2



Project Roles and Organization

- 1.Town Board roles: authorize grant, local contribution, review and approval IAW NYS Town Law Sec 272a (Plan) and Secs 264/265 (Code)
- 2.Planning Board roles: appoint committee members, review and recommendation IAW NYS Town Law 272a (Plan) and Town Code

PROJECT ORGANIZATION and ROLES



Project Roles and Organization

3. Project Committees: guide project development and provide technical insight and liaison to other boards and committees

A.Project Working Committee: Comp Plan

- i. Town Board Liaison
- ii. Planning Board members
- iii.ZBA members
- iv.ACAC
- v. Village
- vi. Homeowners Association members
- vii.Small Business
- viii.Development

Project Roles and Organization

- B. Zoning Update Committee: Code
 - i. Supervisor
 - ii. Town Board Liaison
 - iii.Planning Dept Staff
 - iv.Building Dept Staff
 - v. Planning Board
 - vi.ZBA
 - vii.IDA
 - viii.Erie County
 - ix.GBNRTC

C. Technical Review Committee: Town, IDA, Erie County, GBNRTC, UBRI

Plan / Code Preparation

1. Project Organization: Roles, responsibilities and lines of communication

2.Intent and Purpose: Clear intent

- Establish upfront, get Town Board approval, open to change
- Changing Town Board and Planning/ZBA membership
- Planning v. Zoning and role of each to project
- Confirmation of direction needs emphasis
- Changing development conditions LRT Extension, Opportunity Zone, Mixed-Use development

Plan / Code Preparation

3. Public Engagement: Plan, methods, timing, effectiveness

- Have a plan, be flexible and open to new approaches
- Charettes (products), meetings, passage of time
- Project Website control, content, maintenance
- Social and other media v. Boots on the Ground
- Meetings and use of technologies (VPS)
- Generational differences reaching/engaging all time and place
- Bus tours
- Scale and variation of geography for planning and zoning influence timing for product development, engagement, and approvals
- 4. Project tenure and board changes
- Time demand meetings, other activities, reporting
- Much time and demand for staff (\$135k) and volunteers (~50 meetings)

Plan / Code Preparation

5. Plan Amendment(s): uses, forms and types, **height!!!,** location, Code development – 2nd Plan Amendment

6. Code development: **height!!!**, designation of form/type locations, transfer from form/type to district function infill/retrofit

- Charrette and products
- Plan Amendment form/type designations,
 Map 6A Neighborhood Meetings –
 confirmation of products (VPS)
- Code development form from traditional and suburban to infill and retrofit
- Simplified from 13 districts to 6
- Introduce city blocks as an organizing principle for districts
- Increased emphasis on streets, frontages, and transitions
- Plan review procedures

Plan / Code Preparation

7. Transferability - Recommendations

- Charrette and products
- Website
- VPS and neighborhood meetings
- Plan text and graphics
- Code provisions and design standards
- Architectural review for some districts

Cleaner Greener Communities Goals - Draft Project Benefits Metrics

Section 1: Benefits Overview

The Town of Amherst is formulating revisions to its Comprehensive Plan and Zoning Ordinance to incorporate new policies and context sensitive zoning provisions such as form-based code to encourage development that is consistent with the tenets of Smart Growth by ensuring more efficient use of land, infrastructure and natural resources, and result in an overall decrease in Greenhouse Gas (GHG¹) emissions. The Town's most recent Comprehensive Plan Reviews (2012 and 2014) recommend revisions to the Plan and corresponding amendments to zoning that encourage more compact and efficient forms of development that are also context sensitive. The plan and ordinance revisions that result from this project will advance the goals laid out in the Town's Comprehensive Plan (2014) by encouraging increased density in designated activity centers, encouraging a variety of housing types and densities, and promoting infill development rather than green field development.

Recommendations from the Western New York Sustainability Plan² and the One Region Forward³ Plan for Erie and Niagara Counties will be incorporated into the Plan and ordinance revisions. The application of context sensitive zoning such as form-based code and other approaches within a large first-ring suburban community such as Amherst provides an excellent model to guide similar efforts in other upstate New York suburbs.

Section 3: Potential for Future and/or Long Term Transformational Benefits

Section 3: Future and Long Term Transformation Benefits					
Туре	Metric	by 5 years	by 15 Years	by 30 Years	
RPM	1. GHG Emissions Savings /year	30,888 MTCDE/year	61,777 MTCDE/year	123,555 MTCDE/year	
RPM	2. Total Conventional Energy Savings	55,230 mmBtu	110,460 mmBtu	220,920 mmBtu	
RPM	3. Gasoline Savings (or increase)	438,333 Gallons/year	876,665 Gallons/year	1,753,330 Gallons/year	
RPM	4. Conventional Energy Cost Savings	\$1,328,148/year	\$3,208,595/year	\$8,538,719/year	
RPM	5. Permanent Jobs Created	TBD	TBD	TBD	
RPM	6. NYSERDA CGC Investment (funding approved)	\$161,250	N/A	N/A	
RPM	7. Investment by Others (matching and leveraged)	\$116,750 (Town of Amherst) \$0 amount (leveraged)	\$TBA	\$TBA	
SCM	8. Number of new LEED Certified Buildings or Centers with LEED-ND characteristics	TBD	TBD	TBD	
SCM	9. VMT reduced	9,380,318 Miles/year	18,760,635 Miles/year	37,521,270 Miles/year	

Cleaner Greener Communities Goals: Draft Project Benefits Metrics

- 1. Energy / Gasoline savings: Modest savings anticipated
- **2. Job Creation:** permanent jobs will be created through the introduction of new land uses and the creation of new businesses
- **3. LEED Certified Buildings or Neighborhood characteristics:** the new Plan and Code amendments may encourage a small number of LEED certified buildings (Amherst has one currently). The greater impact will be the application of LEED-ND characteristics that are required by the Plan and zoning. Development and redevelopment of business centers and neighborhoods developed through the mixed-use and commercial center design guidance in the plan and code amendments will result in greater consistency with LEED objectives.
- **4. Influences on VMT:** An estimate of daily VMT/Amherst Resident in 2016 was 20.8 miles. An important goal of the project is to encourage the increases in the use of bicycles and pedestrian trips and reduce travel by motor car. Mixed-use and more compact development encouraged through the plan and code should result in shorter and multi-purpose trips, modest decreases in VMT are expected. The combination of trip reduction, "park once" strategies, and availability of autonomous vehicles may also have positive benefits

NYSERDA
Cleaner Greener Communities Goals
Draft Project Benefits Metrics

Section 4: Projected Impact on Regional and Local Sustainability Indicators

Section 4: Potential to Impact Regional and Local Common Pla	anning Indicator	S	
Indicator	Type (RSPI, CPI, Other)	Baseline (if known)	Brief one-line description of impact
			Assuming a positive market
			response to the new zoning
			ordinance, mixed-use
1. Community Average WalkScore (baseline measured at			development, including grocery
Maple Road/North Forest Road ⁸)	CPI	44	stores and other day-to-day
			services may locate within newly
			developed activity centers is and
			result in the development of
		All P	walkable neighborhoods there.
			Encourage more businesses and
		FE	services to locate within mixed-
			use zoning districts resulting in a
2. H+T (Housing and Transportation Affordability) Index		760	modest increase in local
(baseline measured at Maple Road/North Forest Road ⁷)	CPI	68.42%	employment. Encourage a variety
(baseline measured at Maple Road/North Forest Road)			of housing types to accommodate
			residents of varying incomes to
			reduce the cost of H+T as a
			percentage of income
	**************************************		As new zoning provisions are
	7000	20%/5%9	implemented within the Town's
			activity centers, the number o
Number of new homes built near designated municipal	RSPI / CPI		people who live in new housing
centers since 2000.			units and employees that worl
			nearby should increase
			encouraging walking, transit use
			and reducing private vehicle use
			Higher-density mixed-use districts
			will encourage economic activity
Total percentage of workers commuting via walking,	RSPI	12.5% ¹⁰	while enabling residents to access
biking, transit and carpooling.	1.51 .	12.570	services near their homes
			through alternative modes such
			as transit, bicycles, walking.
		7,592	Locating services and amenities
5. Vehicle miles traveled per/capita (VMT per/capita)	RSPI	miles/	close to denser forms of housing
5. Vernice times traveled per/capita (VIVII per/capita)	NOT 1	year ¹¹	and employment centers will help
		yeur	decrease VMT/capita over time
			Locating services and associated
6. Average commute time (minutes)	СРІ	19.2 ¹²	jobs within activity centers can
o. Average commute time (minutes)	Cri	minutes	help reduce overall commuting
			time for Town residents.

Imagine Amherst Project

Imagine Amherst is a project to reimagine and improve the Town's commercial and mixed-use centers so they work better with surrounding neighborhoods, and better encompass the vision that residents desire for the Town as expressed in the Comprehensive Plan and implemented through its zoning.

NYSDERDA provided a \$161,250 grant towards the project through Governor Cuomo's Cleaner, Greener Communities (CGC) program, which pays for 75% of the project consultant cost.



Imagine Amherst Project

Two Committees were formed with various stakeholders and viewpoints to review project documents and make final decisions on project direction:

Project Working Committee

- Town Board Liason
- Planning Board members
- Zoning Board of Appeals members
- Village of Williamsville representative
- Conservation Advisory Council representative
- Representatives from Homeowners Organizations
- Small Business Owner
- Developers

Technical Advisory Committee

- Planning Department Director & Assistant Director
- Planning Department staff
- Building Commissioner
- Building Department staff
- Amherst Industrial Development Agency
- GBNRTC
- Erie County Dept. of Environment & Planning
- UB Regional Institute

Mixed-Use Precedent Studies – July/August 2016

I-SQUARE IRONDEQUOIT, NEW YORK







DESCRIPTION

The I-Square development, located at 400 Bakers Park, is a project conceived of by two Irondequoit locals, Mike and Wendy Nolan. Envisioned as a small town center, the project is being developed in phases and is planned to include an indoor market, an outdoor stage, offices and apartments.

An important feature of the I-Square project is the realignment of Bakers Park Street within the project area. This creates an improved intersection and transition between the development and the existing block structure.

Key Facts

×	Built	2014 [Phase I]
0	Height	2-3 stories
1	Туре	Commercial Mixed Use
	Zoning	Mixed Use Commercial
+	Size	2.2 acres

Project Location

Project Website

Project Area (Phase I)

Commercial	5,700 sf
Office	9,300 sf
Hospitality	None

Residential None

Parking (surface) 76 spaces

Mixed-Use Precedent Studies – July/August 2016

COLLEGE TOWN ROCHESTER, NEW YORK









DESCRIPTION

College Town is a mixed-use development in Rochester, New York. Located at the intersections of Mount Hope and Elmwood, the project is a public-private partnership between the University of Rochester, Fairmount Properties and Gilbane Development Company to create a new activity center designed to serve both students and faculty of the University as well as residents of the city.

ZONING

The project has a special zoning designation, College Town Village, one of many floating zones used to identify the city's urban centers. This allows for the district to have special development standards that allow for taller buildings and a more developed streetscape as compared to the surrounding area.

Key Facts

₩ Duilt

1	Duitt	2014
0	Height	3-5 stories
	Туре	Commercial Mixed Use
	Zoning	College Town Village (C-V
+	Size	17 acres
_		

Project Location

Project Website

Commercial

Project Area

Office	78,080 sf
Hospitality	99,000 sf (136 rooms)
Residential	210,000 sf (150 units)
Parking (structured)	574,000 sf

121,190 sf

Mixed-Use Precedent Studies – July/August 2016

MASHPEE COMMONS MASHPEE, MASSACHUSETTS







DESCRIPTION

Mashpee Commons is a mixed-use retrofit of a former suburban mall into a new "downtown" for Mashpee, Massachusetts. Before this project, there had been no town center to speak of. The development is notable for its use of the Cape Cod architecture style, reminiscent of historic town centers in the state.

Mashpee Commons is part of a larger development that includes the expansion of the commercial center, as well as new residential neighborhoods that will create a transition between existing residences and the new town center.

Key Facts

×	Built	1988
0	Height	1-3 Stories
	Туре	Commercial Mixed Use

Zoning C1

Size 140 acres

Project Location

Project Website

Project Area

Commercial	130,000 sf
Office	70,000 sf
Hospitality	None
Residential	40 units

Parking (surface) 950 spaces

Town of Amherst

Mixed Use Activity Center Plan and Zoning

FOLLOW ALONG ONLINE:

www.lmagineAmherst.com
www.facebook.com/lmagineAmherst
www.twitter.com/lmagineAmherst



Public Design Charrette Schedule

All events are open to the public. Come help us develop a future vision and better zoning for Amherst's commercial centers!

SATURDAY September 24	SUNDAY September 25	MONDAY September 26	TUESDAY September 27	WEDNESDAY September 28
Hands-On Workshop 9 am - 12:30 pm @ Hyatt Place Buffalo/Amherst	Open Design Studio 9 am - 7 pm	Open Design Studio 9 am - 3 pm	Open Design Studio 9 am - 7 pm	Open Design Studio 9 am - 2 pm
5020 Main St. Open Design Studio 1-7 pm		Lunch & Learn Form-Based Codes 12 - 1 pm	Lunch & Learn Market Analysis 12 - 1 pm	
1-7 pm				
Pilot Center Meetings		Drop-In Open House		Classed Dasiers Strudia
1 -2 pm Village West		(for all centers) 3 - 6 pm		Closed Design Studio 2-7pm
2:15 - 3:15 pm Eggertsville/Snyder		@ Wyndham 5195 Main St.		
3:30 - 4:30 pm Northtown		Drop-In Open Houses		Work In Progress
4:45 - 5:45 pm Getzville		(each center separately) 6 - 8 pm	Working Committee	Work-In Progress Presentation
6-7 pm Transit Road		Village West	7 - 8:30 pm	7 - 8:30 pm @ Amherst Town Hall 5583 Main St.

Open Design Studio, Pilot Center Meetings, Lunch & Learns, Working Committee: Harlem Road Community Center (HRCC), 4255 Harlem Road Center (HRCC), 4255 Harlem Road Community Center (HRCC), 4255 Harl

EGGERSTVILLE







EGGERSTVILLE



EGGERSTVILLE



GETZVILLE

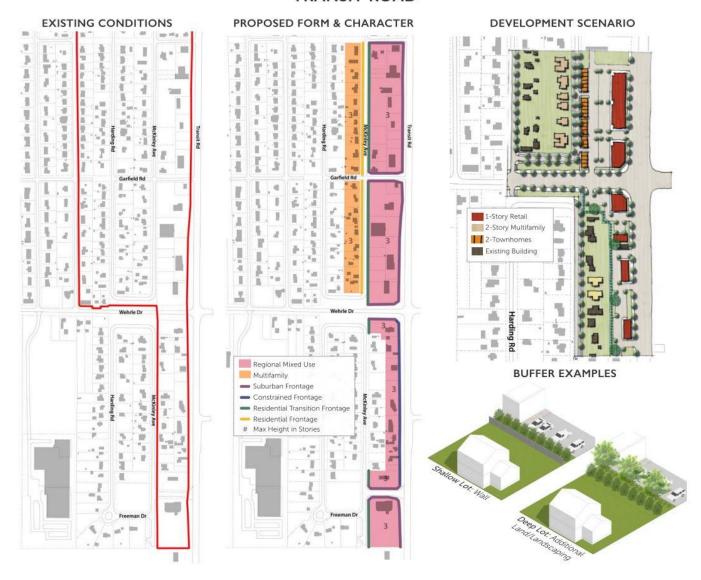




GETZVILLE



TRANSIT ROAD



Comprehensive Plan Amendment - 2017

FORM OF DEVELOPMENT

Amherst's commercial and mixed-use centers have historically been built in one of two forms; traditional and suburban. The following are characteristics or elements of form,

- Location of buildings on the land/parcel
- · Relationship of the building to the adjacent street
- · Location of parking on the parcel
- Types of signs
- Posted speeds on adjacent roadways
- Access (pedestrian, bicycle and vehicle)

Each of these two forms is discussed below, the Town's commercial centers have been categorized by form and are located as shown on Map Figure 6-A.

Traditional Form

The traditional form of development in Amherst is that of a "Main Street," In this form, buildings are typically built next to the Typical examples of low-scale nodes include Eggertsville (south side of Main), Snyder, Maple Forest Plaza, and Clearfield Plaza.

Low-scale nodes deserve the highest level of attention to careful transitions in order to successfully fit them into their neighborhood



Amherst's Commercial and Mixed-use Center Typologies:

- 1. Form Traditional, Suburban
- 2. Type Center, Corridor, Medium-Scale Node, Low-Scale Node





Plan Amendment 2017 - Forms



- Buildings Pulled Up to the Sidewalk
- No Front Setback
- · Street Trees in Grates
- On-Street Parking
- · Parking in Rear, Side
- · Wall Signs On Buildings
- Adjacent Road Posted Speed 15-30 MPH





SUBURBAN FORM: "SHOPPING CENTER"



- Set Back From Street
- Front Setback Includes Landscaping, Parking
- Street Trees in Lawn
- No On-Street Parking
- Parking in Front, Side and Rear
- Monument Signs at Street, Wall Signs on Building
- Adjacent Road Posted Speed 35-45 MPH





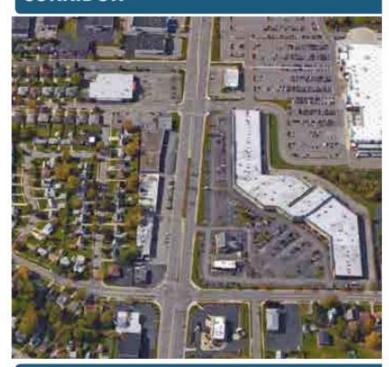
Plan Amendment 2017 - Types

CENTER



- Located away from single-family residential, typically along major roadways, at higher volume intersections, or near interstate interchanges
- Parcels are large and deep
- Buildings are 1 to 8 stories

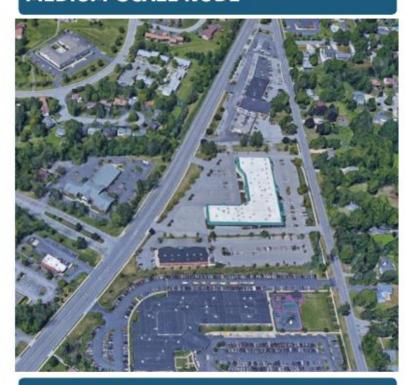
CORRIDOR



- May or may not be located near singlefamily areas, typically along commercial roadways
- Consistent parcel depth, linear form, different corridors may have different parcel depths
- Buildings are 1 to 5 stories

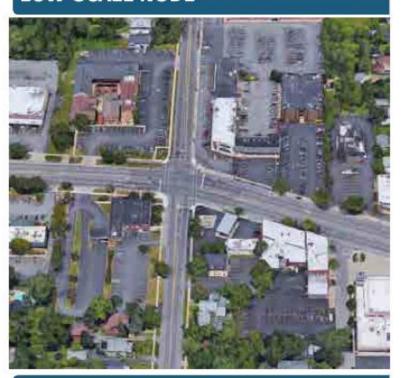
Plan Amendment 2017 - Types

MEDIUM-SCALE NODE



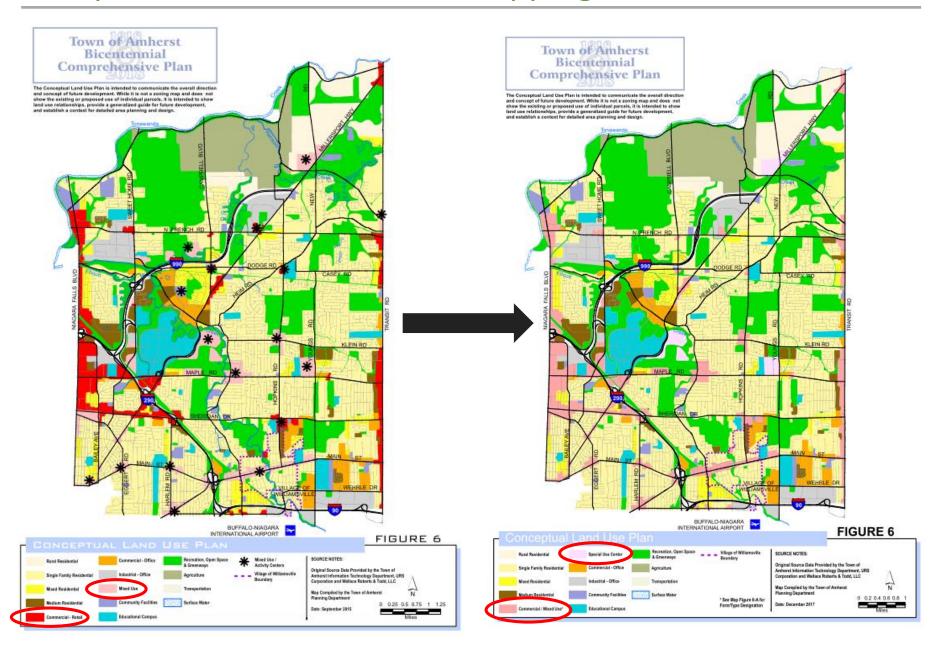
- Located near single-family residential, typically at intersections
- Moderate parcel depth, compact form
- Buildings are 1 to 4 stories in height

LOW-SCALE NODE

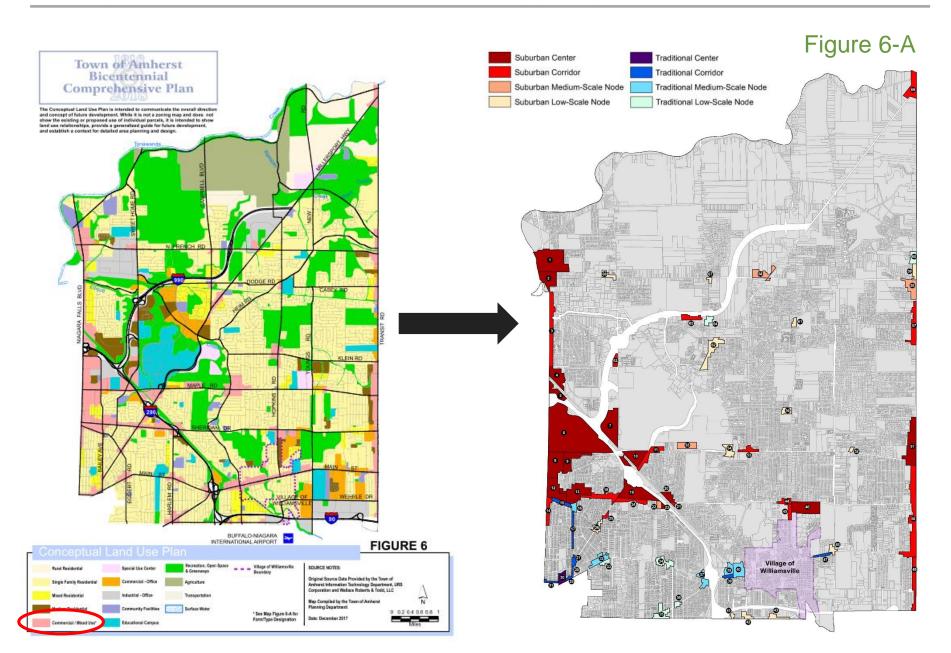


- Located adjacent to single-family residential, typically at intersections
- Shallow parcel depth, compact form
- Buildings are 1 to 2½ stories in height

Comprehensive Plan 2017 - Mapping

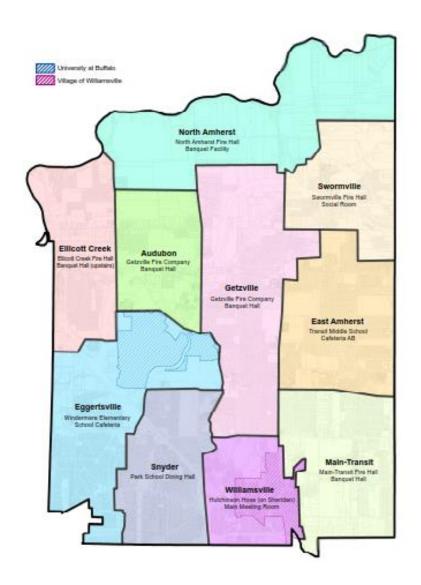


Comprehensive Plan 2017 - Mapping



Neighborhood Forums – April/May 2018

- Held 10 Neighborhood Forums in April and May 2018 to inform/confirm the Plan Amendment
- Neighborhoods were derived from Fire District boundaries (see map)
- Gathered comments and input from stakeholders regarding their likes and desires in neighborhoods now and for the future
- Other Meetings:
 - Attended two (2) ice cream social events at Windermere Elementary & Forest Elementary
 - Held a meeting with nine (9) YouthWork\$ youth/students to get their thoughts
- 438 residents and stakeholders participated



Neighborhood Forums – April/May 2018

Conducted 2 activities:

- Concentric Circle Exercise
 - Broke out into multiple tables of 8 10 people
 - Provide an opportunity for residents and others to tell us about various aspects of their neighborhoods
 - Identify issues and opportunities based on community input
 - Evaluate geographic similarities and differences across the Town
- Visual Preference Survey (VPS)
 - Used as an interactive way to gather community-based input on land use and design preferences
 - Rate various example images with a range of building styles, sizes, heights, layouts
- Created a Neighborhood Survey which asked questions about conditions of housing, buildings, infrastructure, etc.
- After extensive analysis, the Plan Amendment was generally supported by these results – slight adjustments possible

DRAFT Zoning Framework

DISTRICT FRAMEWORK

The following table summarizes the proposed zoning districts to implement the Commercial and Mixed Use Center designations proposed in the update to the Comprehensive Plan.

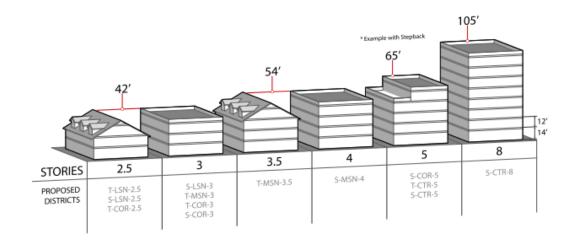
PROPOSED ZONING DISTRICTS

			Us	es		_		_				Fre	onta	ge	S
De	signation	Zoning District	Townhouse	Multifamily	Office	Retail	Personal Services	Restaurant	Hotel	Front Setback (from ROW)	Height	Urban/Village	Green	Suburban	Residential
ode	T-LSN-2.5	Traditional Low- Scale Node 2.5								0' min 10' max	2½ stories 42' max	•	•	-	•
Low-Scale Node	S-LSN-2.5	Suburban Low- Scale Node 2.5	•	•	•	•	•	• •	-	10' min	2½ stories 42' max	-	•	•	•
Low	S-LSN-3	Suburban Low- Scale Node 3								30' max	3 stories 42' max	-	•	•	-
Node	T-MSN-3	Traditional Medium-Scale Node 3						•) -	0' min	3 stories 42' max	•	•	-	•
Medium-Scale Node	T-MSN-3.5	Traditional Medium-Scale Node 3.5	•	•	•	•	•			10′ max	3½ stories 54' max	•	•	-	•
	S-MSN-4	Suburban Medium-Scale Node 4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10' min 30' max	4 stories 54' max	-	•	•	-
	T-COR-2.5	Traditional Corridor 2.5			• •			•		0' min	2½ stories 42' max	•	•	-	•
idor	T-COR-3	Traditional Corridor 3	•	•					-	10′ max	3 stories 42' max	•	•	-	•
Corridor	S-COR-3	Suburban Corridor 3								10' min 30' max	3 stories 42' max	-	•	•	-
	S-COR-5	Suburban Corridor 5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10' min 100' max	5 stories 65' max	-	•	•	-
	T-CTR-5	Traditional Center 5	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	10' min 20' max	5 stories 65' max	•	•	-	-
Center	S-CTR-5	Suburban Center 5								10' min	5 stories 65' max				
	S-CTR-8	Suburban Center 8	•	•	• •	•	•	•	•	100' max	8 stories 105' max		•	•	

DRAFT Zoning Framework

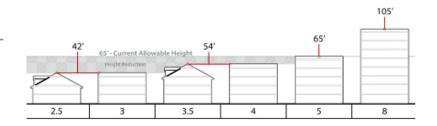
Zoning Height Changes	Percent
Height Remains the Same	20.30%
Entire Center Height Decreases	42%
Majority of Center Height Decreases	8.70%
Entire Center Height Increases	18.80%
Majority of Center Height Increases	2.90%
Both Increasing and Decreasing Heights	4.30%
District / Height Not Changing	2.90%
TOTAL:	100%

MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT



CURRENT ALLOWED HEIGHTS BY DISTRICT

District	Height
GB	65 ft. Max.
NB	30 ft. Max.
SC	65 ft. Max.
TNB	35 - 50 ft.
LW	35 ft. Max. (2 Stories)



RETROFIT DISTRICTS

March 13, 2019 CODE STUDIO

CONDITIONS

INFILL

- Smaller parcels
- Connected by existing network of safe humanscaled streets
- Modest block sizes
- Walkable streets
- Existing "places" with unique identities

RETROFIT

- Larger parcels
- Connected by dangerous, wide, high speed roadways
- Large blocks
- Missing walkable/bikeable connections
- Little place identity

CONTEXT



INFILL- [TRADITIONAL CONTEXT]



RETROFIT- [SUBURBAN CONTEXT]

CONTEXT



INFILL- [TRADITIONAL CONTEXT]

CONTEXT

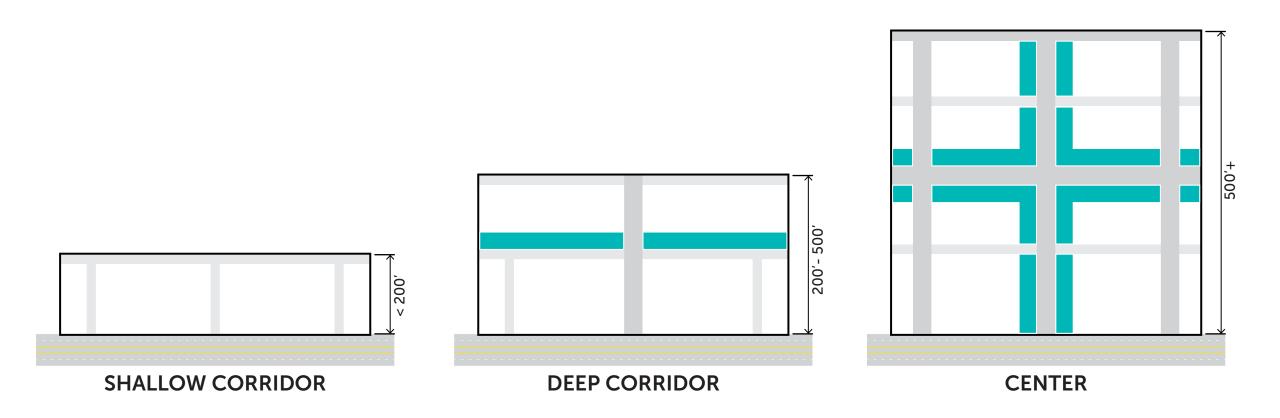


RETROFIT- [SUBURBAN CONTEXT]

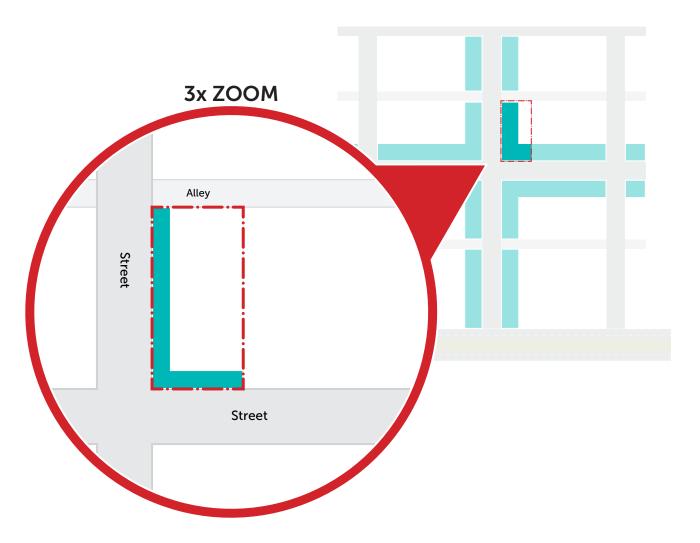
RETROFIT DISTRICT GOALS

- Improve experience for all users along major roadways
- Create network of human-scaled streets that connect the community to "places" within commercial districts.
- Build street framework to promote incremental change within districts
- Manage access along major roadways

RETROFIT CONCEPT

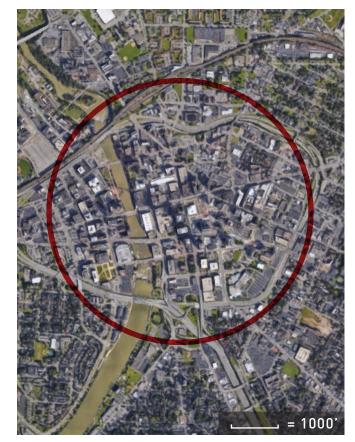


INFILL CONCEPT



SCALE + COMPLEXITY

8 5
DISTRICTS OVERLAYS



DOWNTOWN ROCHESTER

2 6
DISTRICTS FRONTAGES



OPPORTUNITY ZONE

1 4
DISTRICT FRONTAGES

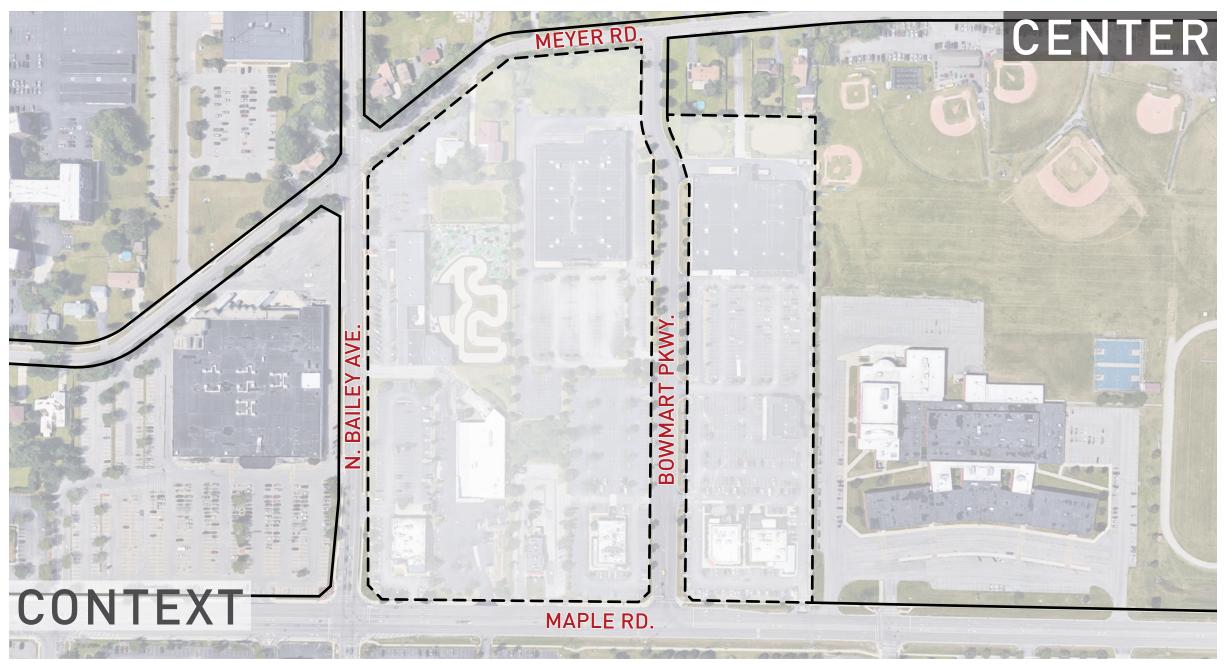


SNYDER

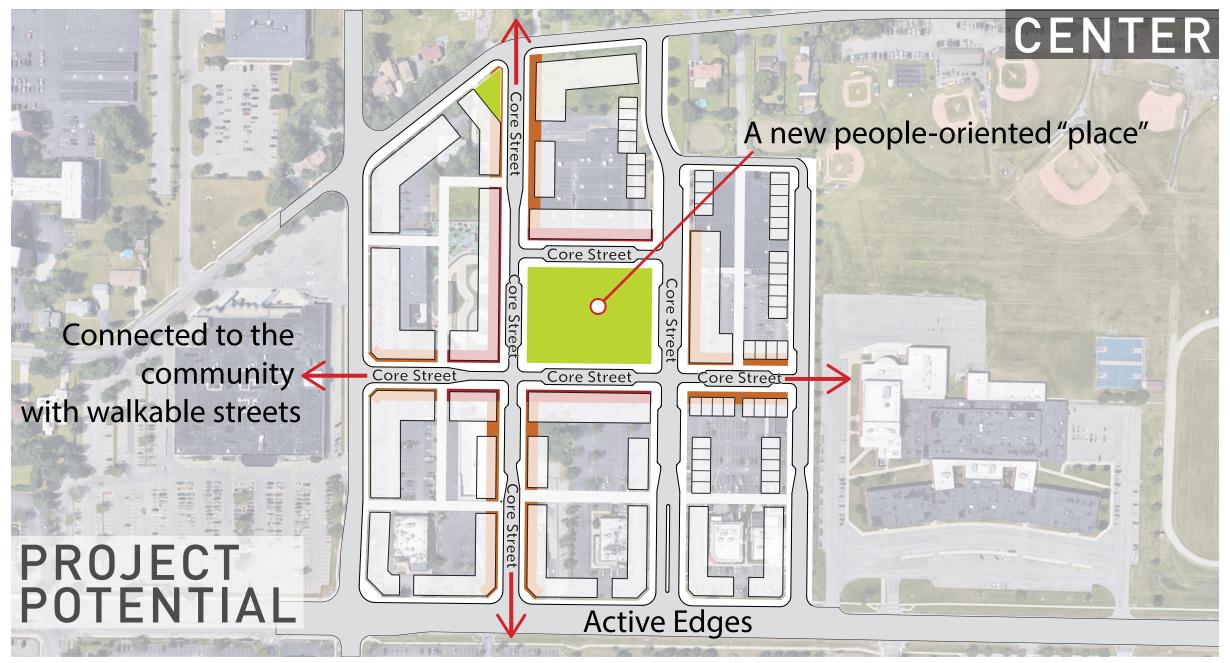
CENTER EXAMPLE

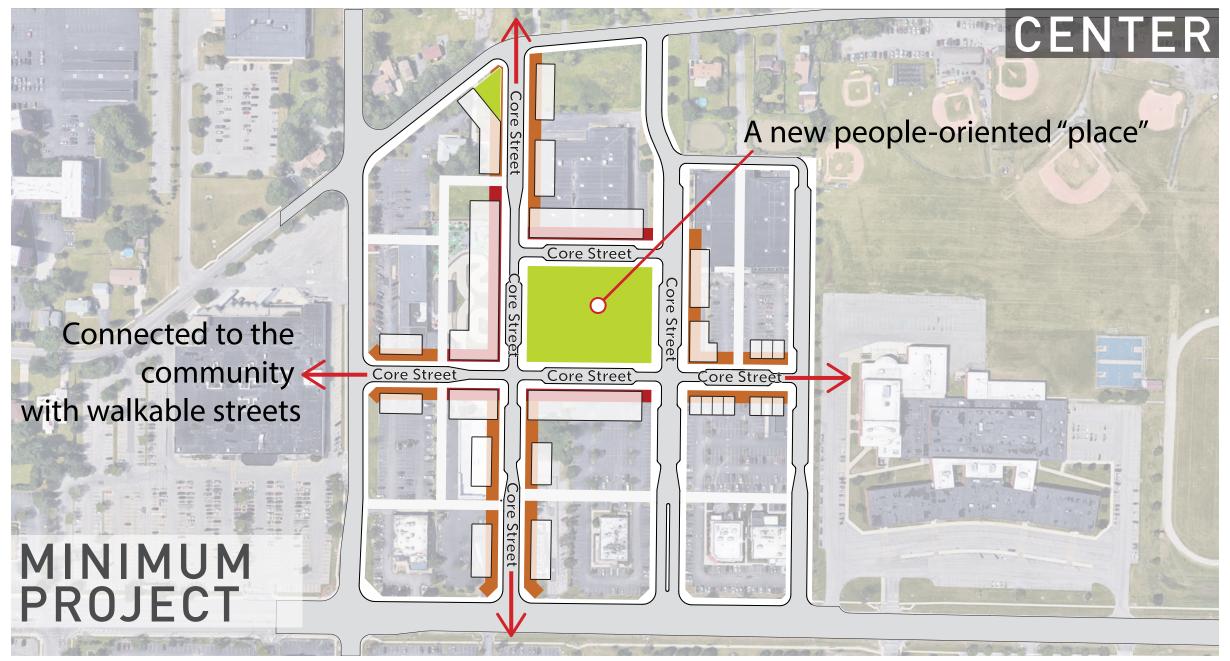
MAPLE & BAILEY

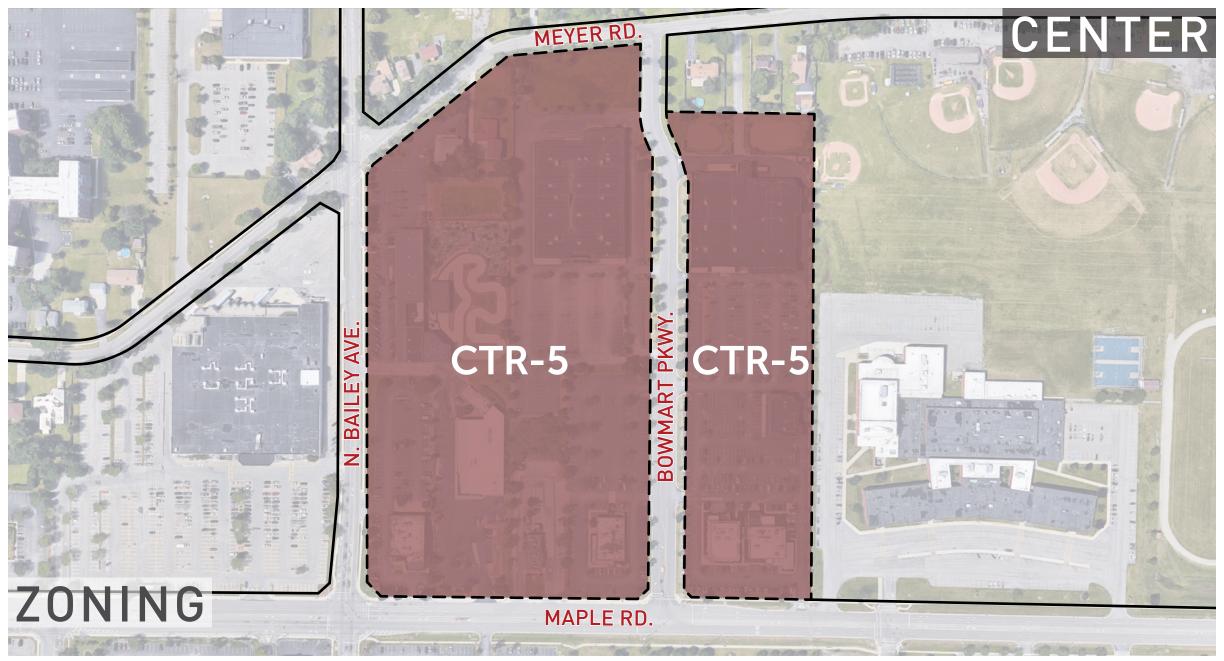




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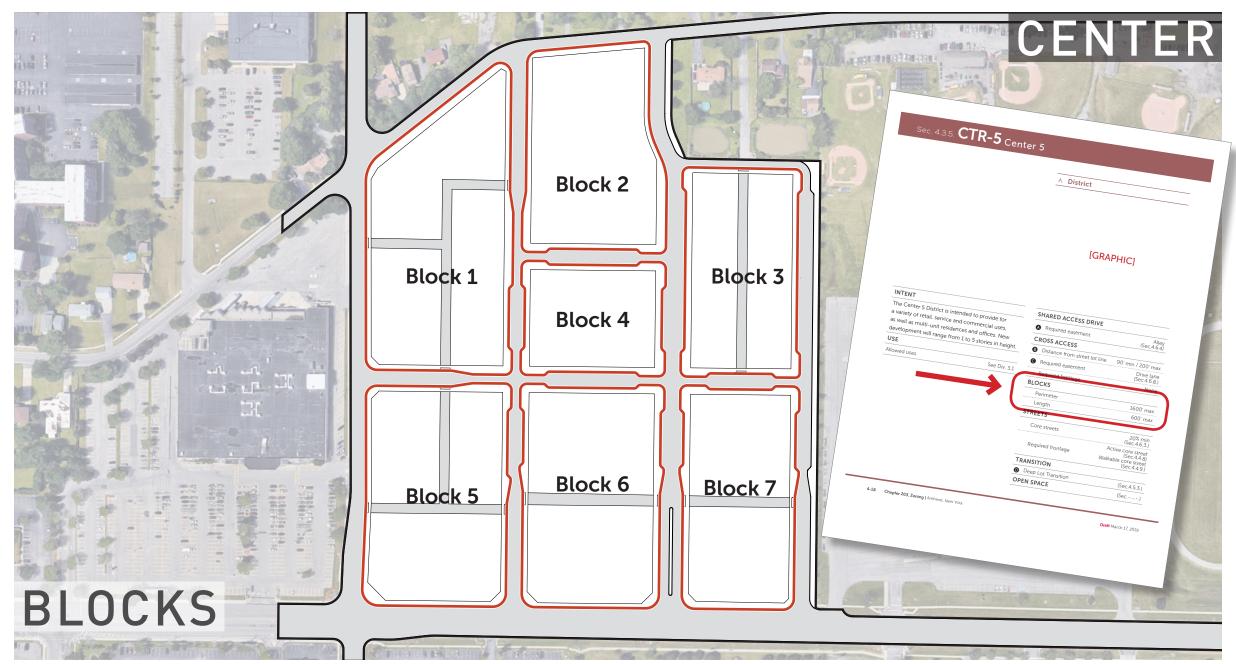


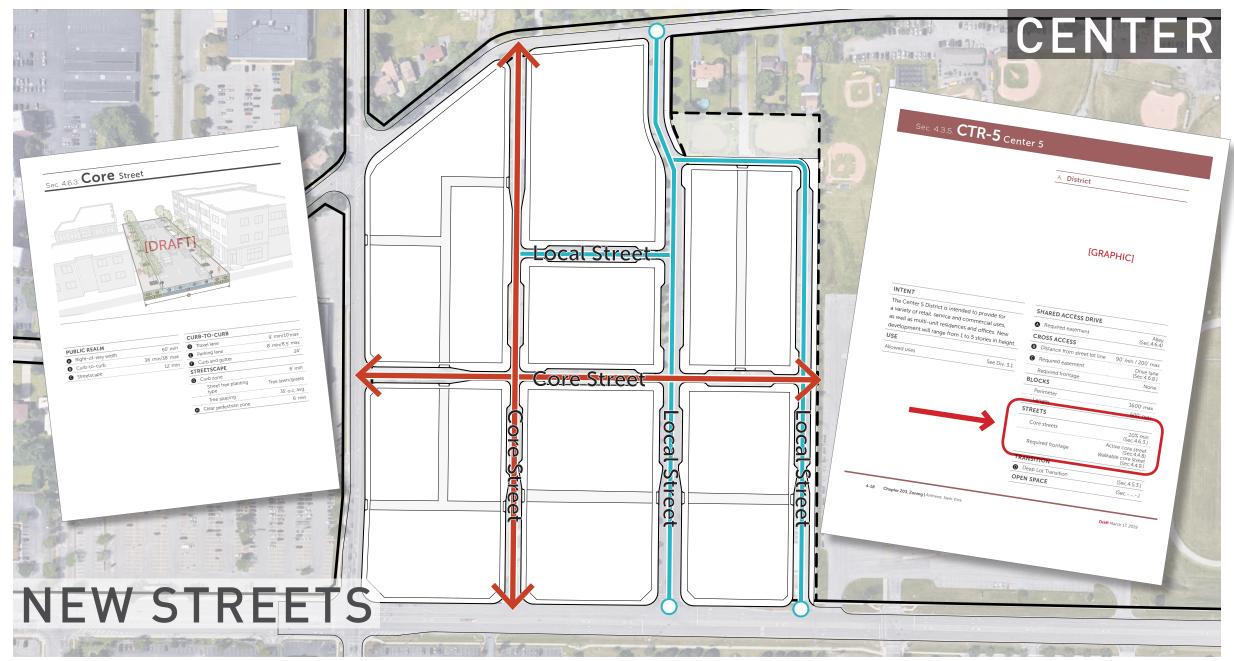


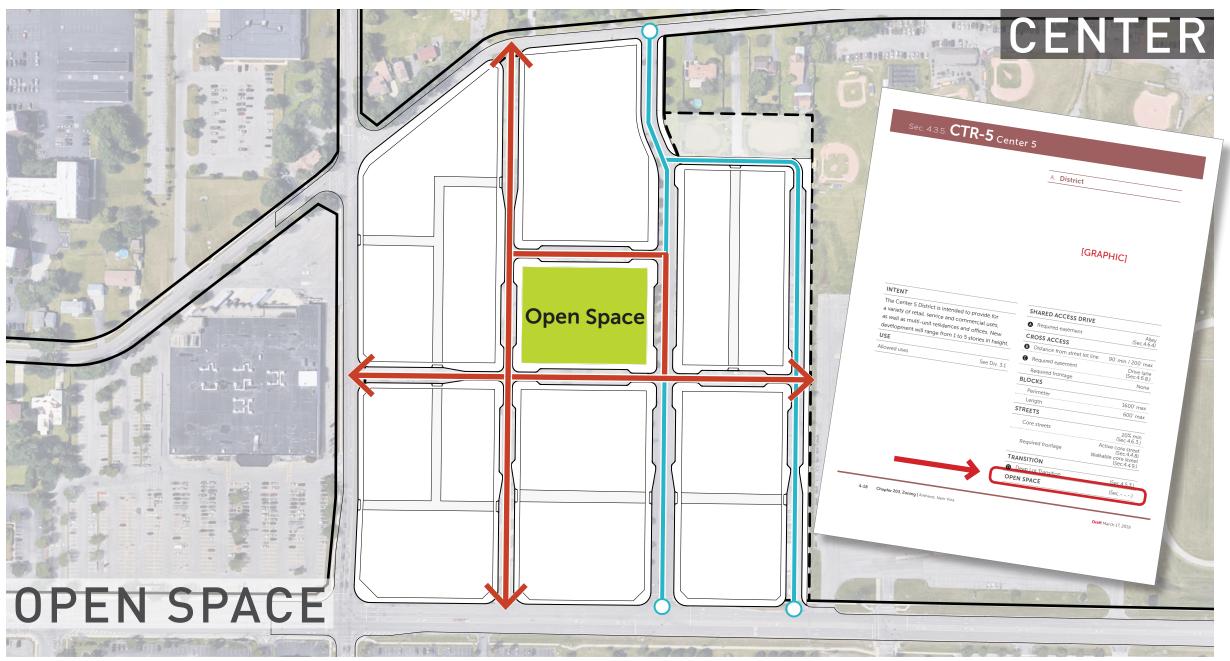


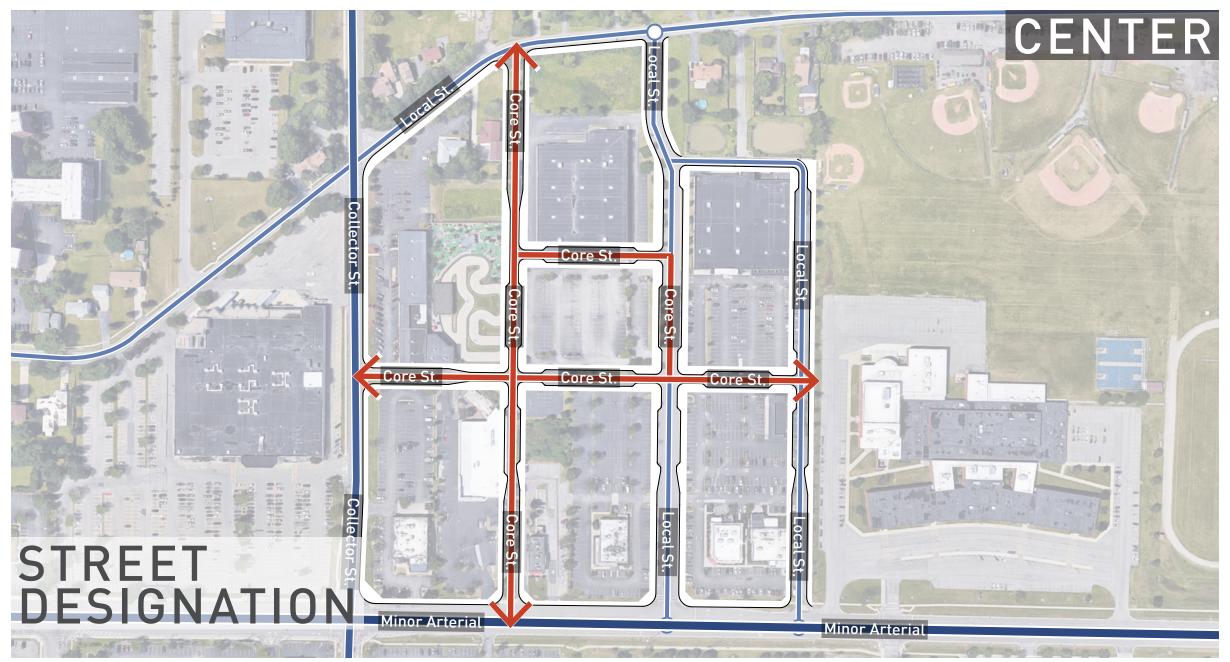
		A. District		B. Site		C. Building	
		[GRAPH	IC]	[GRAPHIC	0]	[GRAP	HIC]
NTENT		SHARED ACCESS DRIVE		LOT		BUILDING MASS	
		SHARED ACCESS DRIVE				ROILDING WASS	
The Courter F District is inte			Alloy		0.05		5 (55)
		Required easement	Alley (Sec.4.6.4)	Area	0 SF min	Building height	
a variety of retail, service ar as well as multi-unit reside	nd commercial uses, nces and offices. New	CROSS ACCESS		Area Width	0' min	Building height Street-facing building length	
a variety of retail, service ar as well as multi-unit reside development will range fro	nd commercial uses, nces and offices. New	CROSS ACCESS ① Distance from street lot line	90' min / 200' max	Area Width Outdoor amenity space		■ Building height Street-facing building	n/
a variety of retail, service ar as well as multi-unit reside development will range fro USE	nd commercial uses, nces and offices. New om 1 to 5 stories in height.	CROSS ACCESS Distance from street lot line Required easement		Area Width Outdoor amenity space BUILDING SETBACKS	0' min 5% min	Building height Street-facing building length	n/
a variety of retail, service ar as well as multi-unit reside development will range fro USE	nd commercial uses, nces and offices. New	CROSS ACCESS Distance from street lot line Required easement Required frontage	90' min / 200' max Drive lane	Area Width Outdoor amenity space BUILDING SETBACKS Street lot line	0' min 5% min See frontage	Building height Street-facing building length	n/
a variety of retail, service ar as well as multi-unit reside development will range fro USE	nd commercial uses, nces and offices. New om 1 to 5 stories in height.	CROSS ACCESS Distance from street lot line Required easement Required frontage BLOCKS	90' min / 200' max Drive lane (Sec.4.6.8.) None	Area Width Outdoor amenity space BUILDING SETBACKS Street lot line Common lot line	0' min 5% min See frontage 0' min	Building height Street-facing building length	n/
a variety of retail, service ar as well as multi-unit reside development will range fro USE	nd commercial uses, nces and offices. New om 1 to 5 stories in height.	CROSS ACCESS Distance from street lot line Required easement Required frontage BLOCKS Perimeter	90' min / 200' max Drive lane (Sec. 4.6.8.) None	Area Width Outdoor amenity space BUILDING SETBACKS Street lot line Common lot line Alley	0' min 5% min See frontage	Building height Street-facing building length	n/
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The Center 5 District is inte a variety of retail, service ar as well as multi-unit reside development will range fro USE Allowed uses	nd commercial uses, nces and offices. New om 1 to 5 stories in height.	CROSS ACCESS Distance from street lot line Required easement Required frontage BLOCKS Perimeter Length STREETS Core streets Required frontage	90' min / 200' max Drive lane (Sec 4.6.8.) None 1600' max 600' max 20% min (Sec 4.6.3.) Active core street (Sec 4.4.8) Walkable core street	Area Width Outdoor amenity space BUILDING SETBACKS Street lot line Common lot line Alley PARKING SETBACKS Street lot line Common lot line Common lot line Common lot line	0' min 5% min See frontage 0' min 5' min See frontage 0' min	Building height Street-facing building length	5 stories/65' ma n/. See frontag

DISTRICT PAGES

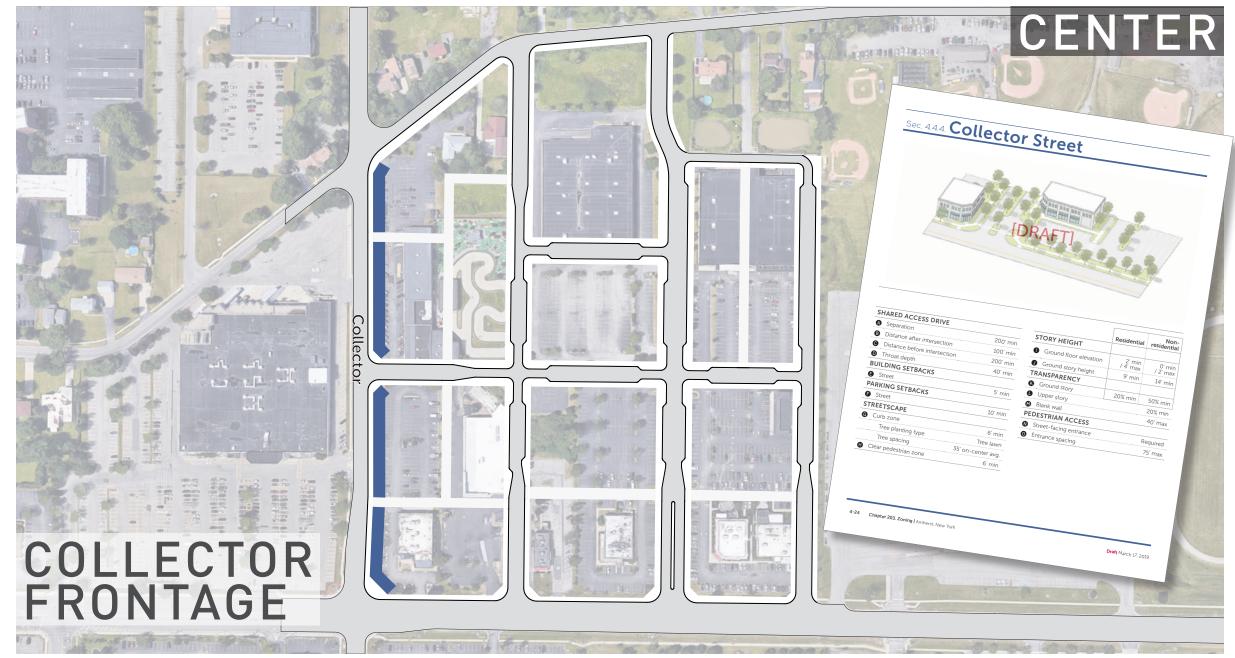


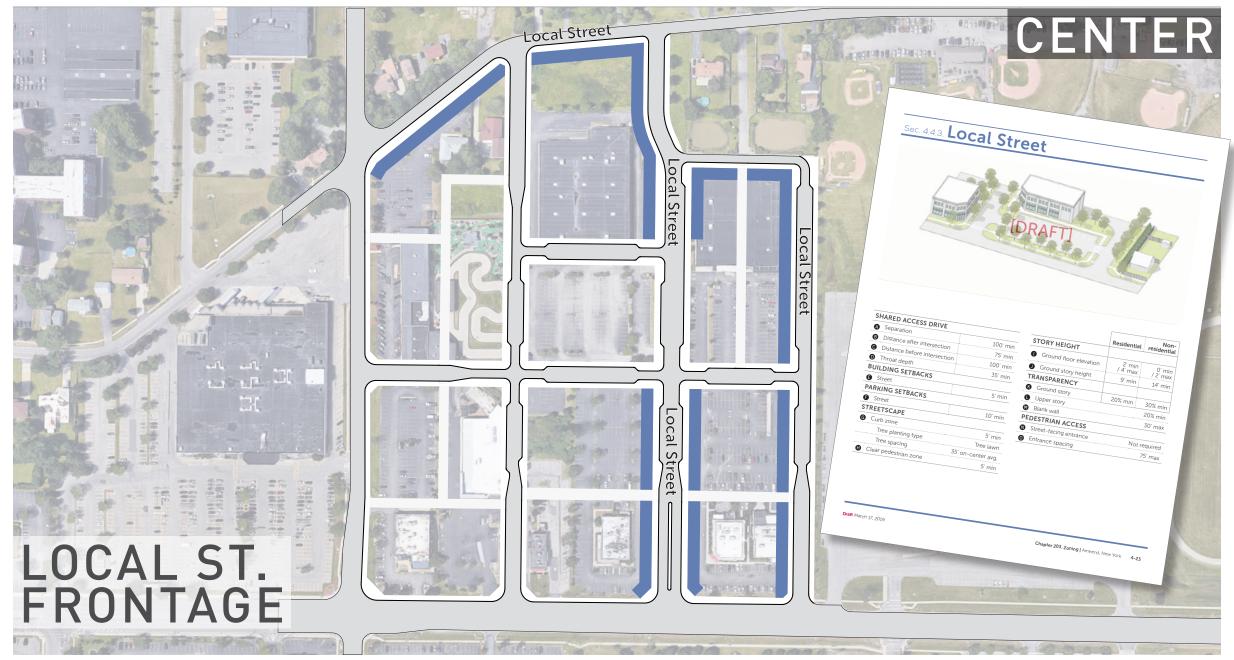


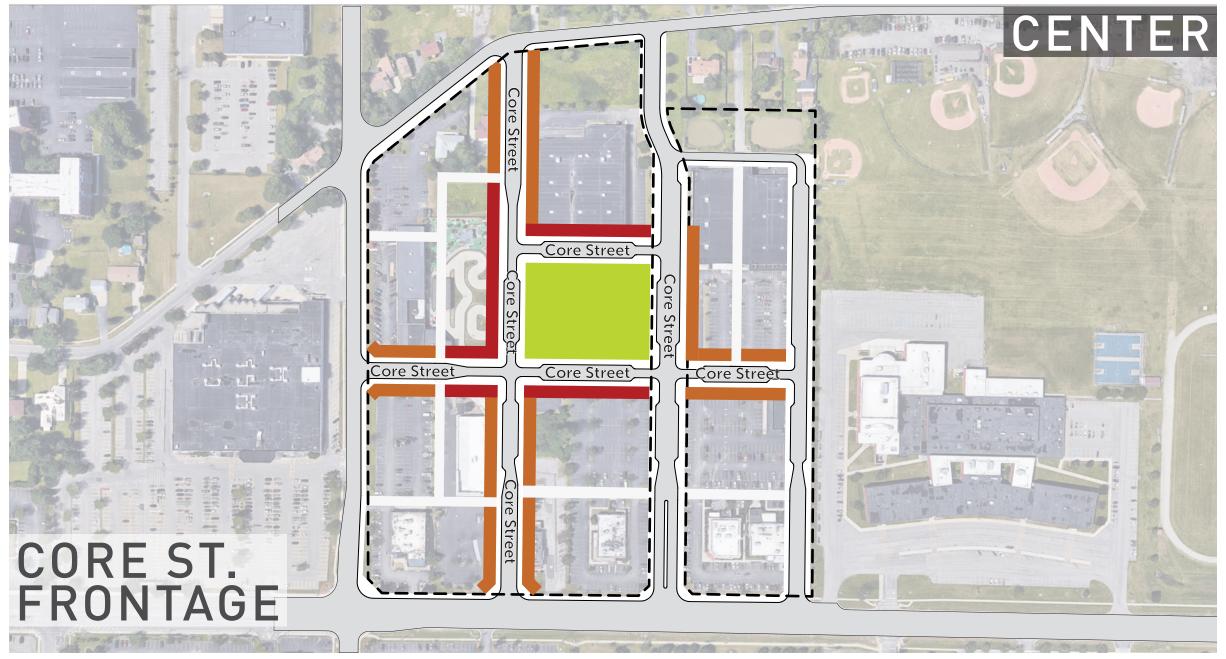








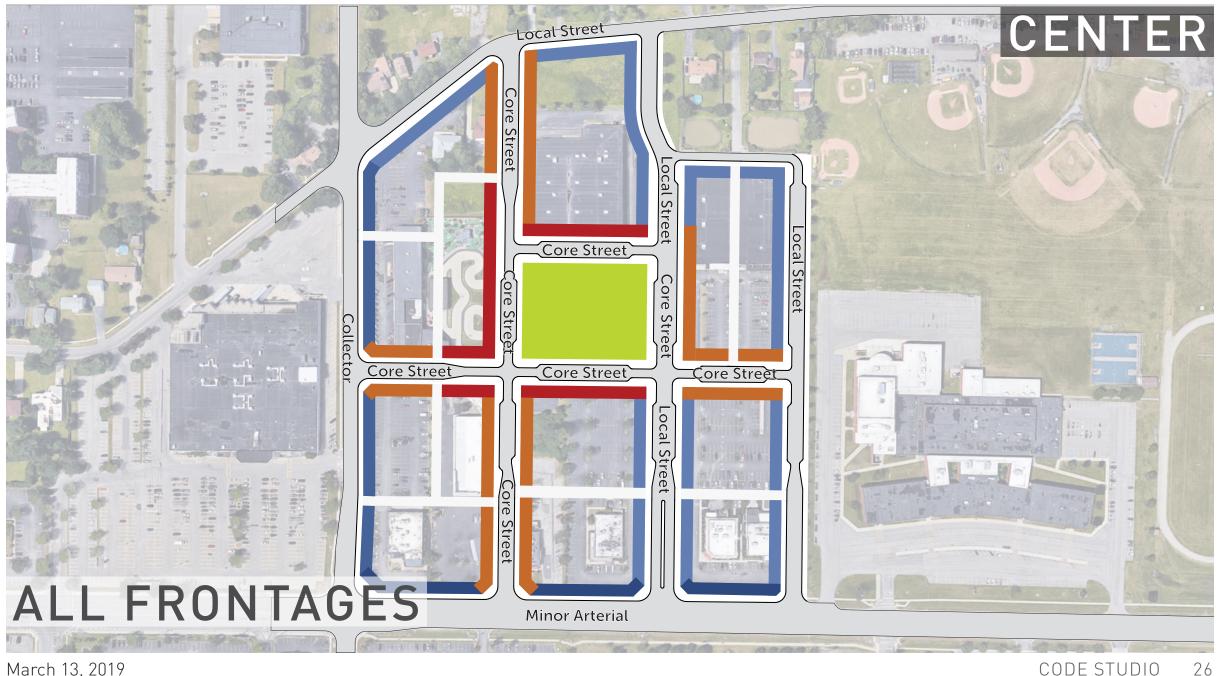


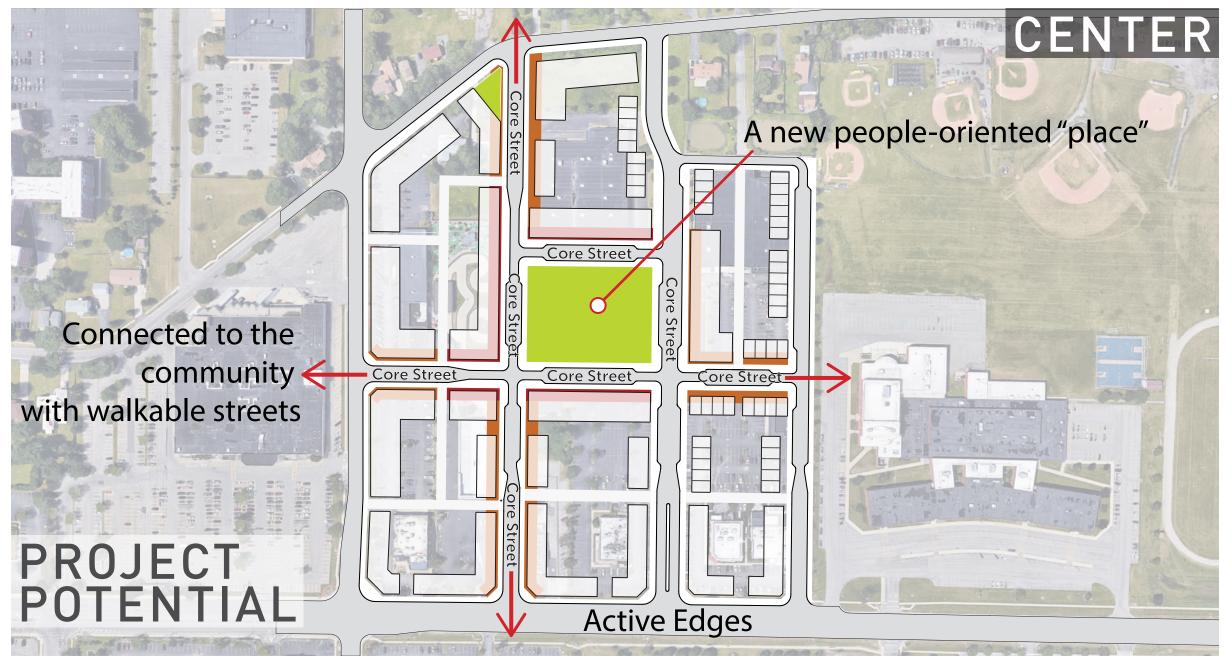


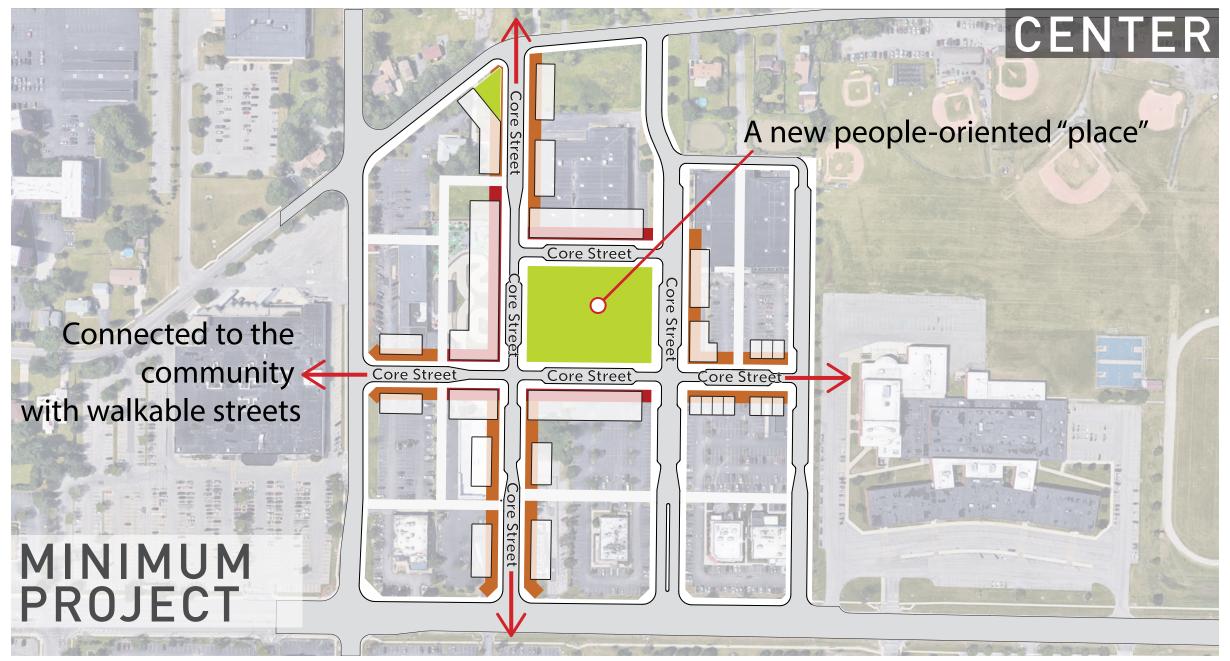
CENTER



CORE ST. FRONTAGE



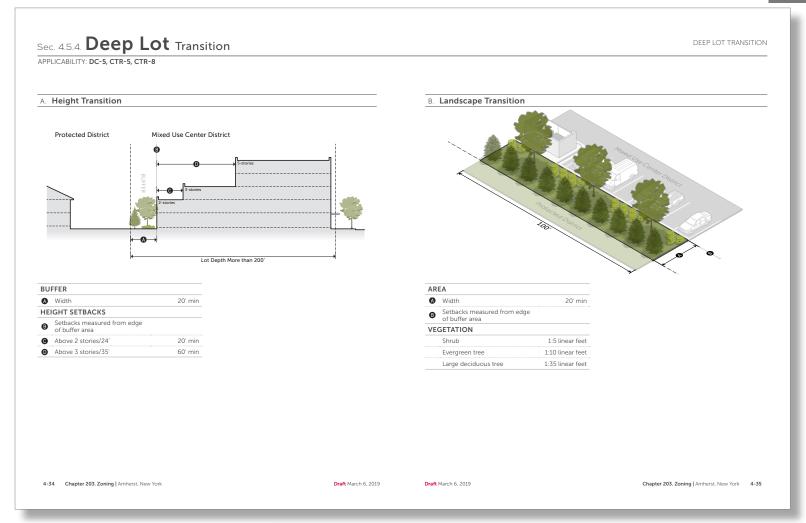






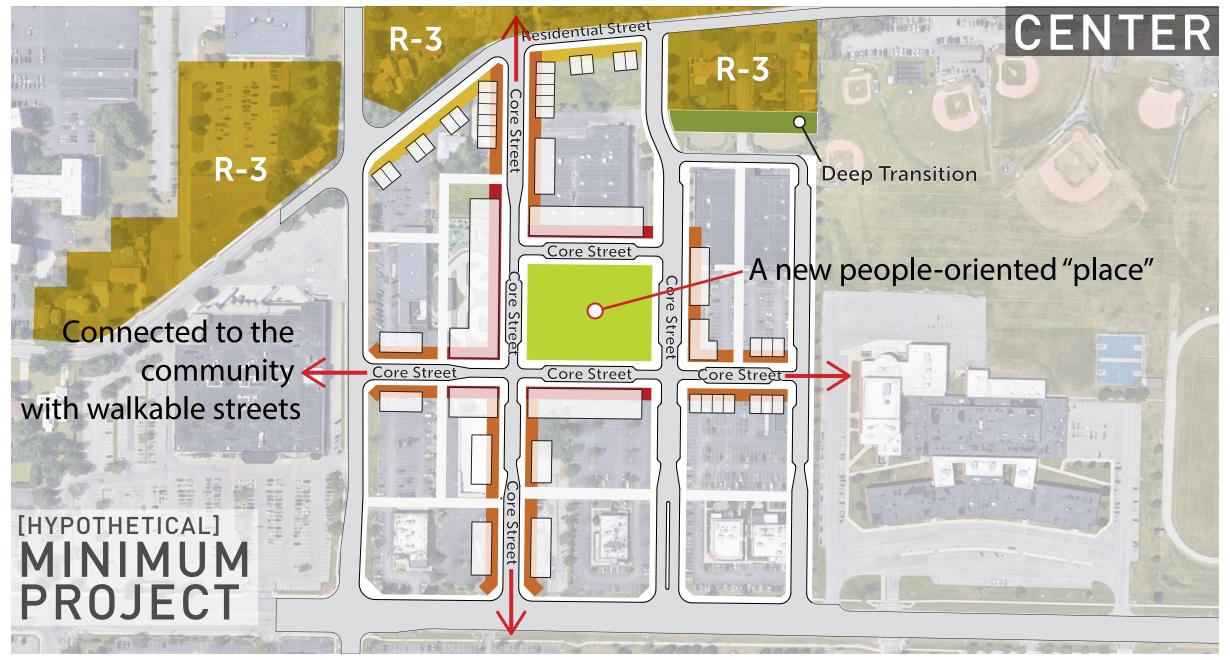






TRANSITION PAGES





March 13, 2019

